THE DAILY GAZETTE

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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.


THERE were nineteen deaths from cholera in Brooklyn last week.

A GRANT PRESIDENTIAL CLUB has been organized in New York City.

NEW YORK gives token already of good fall trade. The abundant harvests furnish a certain basis for it.

A COLLEGE is about to be established in Philadelphia by the Jews. It will be open to all comers desirous of receiving a knowledge of Hebrew literature.

GEN. GRANT seems to have befogged the politicians that flocked to him at Long Branch, to such a degree that both Republicans and Democrats claimed him as agreeing with them.

FLOUR is slowly finding its level in the eastern markets. The gamblers who held the stock and controlled the markets have not suffered very much in pecuniary losses, as they so managed as to let the prices decline slowly.

LAST WEEK there were three hundred and forty-nine deaths in Philadelphia, a decrease of twenty-five per cent. in comparison with the corresponding week last year. The health of that city is good, and there appears to be no foundation for the report current here that the cholera raged there.

GOV. THROCKMORTON, of Texas, who has not enjoyed the confidence of the loyal citizens of that State, has at length been removed from office by Gen. Sheridan, and E. M. Pease, Esq., named a his successor. The reason assigned for the removal is that Throckmorton has been an impediment to reconstruction—a declaration made some weeks since by the Republican Convention of that State.

A SAD case of the death of a child, caused by fear, is chronicled in a New York paper as having occurred on Saturday last. Mr. Andrew Jackson had taken his son, a lad nine years of age, into a room for correction, for some trifling misconduct, when the child was suddenly seized by convulsions and died within a few minutes. He had not been struck, but being of an exceedingly nervous temperament died through fear and excitement. The feelings of the father may be imagined.

IT IS confidently affirmed by those who are in the confidence of the President that General SHERIDAN will be removed from command at New Orleans soon after the Tennessee election, which will be held to-morrow. The impulse to this removal proceeds not so much from the President as from Attorney General STANBERY. It will be remembered that immediately following the publication of Mr. STANBERY's opinion as to the legal interpretation of the Reconstruction Acts, General SHERIDAN, in a letter to General GRANT, characterized that opinion as "making a broad macadamized road to perjury." This blunt but truthful view of the case hurt the sensibilities of Mr. STANBERY, and he desires to be revenged. If, however, the President is wise he will let General SHERIDAN remain. That officer enjoys the public confidence many times as much as both the President and Attorney General. They cannot hurt him; but in trying cannot fail to damage themselves.

THE Philadelphia *City Item*, after announcing General Grant, Chief Justice Chase, Senator Wade, and Speaker Colfax, as strong Presidential candidates, avows its own preference for Secretary Santon, of whom it says:

"The next strongest man at this moment is the wise, indefatigable, intrepid, patriotic Secretary of War—and he is gaining strength hourly. It is beginning to be understood that the nation owes a large debt of gratitude to Edwin M. Stanton. Facts show that no man, no half dozen men, have done so much as he to save the country. In the latter days of Buchanan's administration, when the old public functionary trembled and would have fallen, Mr. Stanton bore him stiffly up, closed the doors of the White House against Northern and Southern traitors, stimulated patriots everywhere, and asserted the dignity and integrity of the nation. It is impossible to overestimate his services at this critical period. Again, during Mr. Lincoln's administration, when doubt and dismay filled all hearts, he rose with majesty almost sublime, gave tone and decision to our public councils, displaced the incompetent, reorganized the trustworthy, and organized victory on every battle field."

### Maximilian's Will.

A letter from Vienna to the Paris *Liberte* contains the following statement of a curious testamentary arrangement between Maximilian and Carlotta:

Two wills, perfectly analogous, were drawn up by the Emperor and Empress. Each of them, in case there was no issue of the marriage, leaves all the property to the survivor. Thus, Maximilian dying dead, his fortune, estimated at from ten to twelve millions of florins, only calculating his property at Miramar, Lacroma, and the artistic wealth collected there, reverts to the Empress Carlotta. The will of Maximilian is there to attest it.

But now comes the strange affair. It is asserted that the Empress Carlotta's written with her own hand, and which was carefully locked up in one of the rooms at Miramar, has suddenly disappeared, nobody knows how or where. From that circumstance it results that, as the Empress Carlotta has no will and is not in a state to make one, seeing the almost complete absence of her mental faculty, all her fortune, including the part coming from her husband, the Emperor Maximilian, and which ought in justice, after her decease, to revert to the Austrian imperial family, will now legally fall to the royal one of Belgium.

A CHALLENGE was recently sent by a Spaniard to a Prussian, in New Orleans, which was remarkable for business-like precision and conciseness. Here it is:

NEW ORLEANS, July 1, 1867.

"MR. UNVERZAGT—Dear Sir: As I have learned that you have already fought two gentlemen of different nationalities, and victorious on both occasions, I step forth as the representative of the third (the Spanish), and beg of you to try me also, as a revenge for my friend De Bois, your late antagonist. Accompanying please find a blank heads of conditions. Fill it up and return by bearer, Mr. Bruno, my second. In the hope that you will grant my request, I sign myself,

"Respectfully, SIG. ES BONIO.

"Formerly Fencing Master in the Spanish Army."

This was not a challenge of the ordinary kind, nor was the duel which ensued a common contest. The weapons were sharp foils, and after wounding the Prussian in the arm, the Spanish paladin was disarmed and vanquished, but mercifully permitted to live.

—The *Dispatch*, printed at Commerce, in Missouri, gives a terrible account of the way in which the business of disinfecting soldiers is carried on. It says there were, out of the twelve bodies taken from that place, *just two Union soldiers*. At least three of the bodies were remains of former residents of the place. One of them was the body of a Mrs. Fordham, the mother of twenty-one children, five of whom served in the Union army. Her sex was apparent, but, in spite of this, her corpse was dragged from the grave, chopped to pieces with a spade to make it fit in the small POX, and carried off as the body of a Union soldier. All this was done notwithstanding the protestations of the town's people, who assembled to witness the horrid business, and to protect the remains of their own friends.


# Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXXII.—NO. 174. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.


## GENERAL NEWS.

—What dust is most blinding to the eyes? Gold dust.

—If you would be nothing, just wait to be something.

—The New York Fire Department for 1868 will cost $808,800.

—The pleasure of doing good is the only one that never wears out.

—Live within your means, if you would have means within which to live.

—Mule thieving, hen roost spollation and suicide for love are some of the late Virginia excitements.

—Parton writes that he is spending the summer in Highgate, Vermont, "twelve miles from a book store."

—The widow of Stonewall Jackson has sold the horse "Superior," ridden by him during the war.

—Alexander H. Stephens was weighed a few weeks ago, and has kicked the beam at ninety-four pounds avordupois.

—Dr. N. L. Rice, formerly of Cincinnati, and now of New York, has been elected President of Oakland College, Mississippi.

—It is stated that about one thousand persons within the limits of New York city live wholly upon betting on races or by jockeying horses.

—Stickly, a Waterloo veteran, now seventy-seven years old, still lives in England, and has had three wives and ten children by each wife.

—A Republican State Convention of Wisconsin, for the nomination of State officers, is called to meet at Madison on the 4th of September next.

—The French prize for virtue has been taken by a ballet girl at Nanterre, this year. Where was Menken? She might get a *French* prize for virtue.

—An arsenic manufacturer in Boston died from the continuous infusion of the poison into his system, during his long employment in manufacturing it.

—In Troy a lady stumbled on the walk, and, in falling, the point of her parasol penetrated her right eye, causing a wound which destroys the eye for life.

—It is rumored that General Sheridan is soon to be married to the daughter of Judge Foster, of Louisana, who owns one of the largest plantations in the Bayou Teche.

—The Davenport (Iowa) *Gazette* says that more than two hundred buildings have been erected in that city since January, involving an investment of more than $500,000.

—A "bust somewhere. A country paper says: "A man was struck by lightning and instantly killed, belonging to the village physician, who had a beautiful calf four years old."

—Both Kilpatrick, minister to Chile, and Col. Bliss, Secretary of legation to Panama, have had a hint that they had better resign forthwith, if they wish to hold their present positions.

—Queen Victoria is building a new house in the Scottish Highlands, seven miles from any other dwelling. She intends it to be a place of retirement for herself and a few select friends.

—The Sultan is decidedly exclusive in his manners. He will not shake hands in a kind of screen, which he uses at meals. It enables him to see the other people at the table without being seen himself.

—An acquaintance of ours, a mother, too, not long since, was lamenting the loss of a child (one of a family of eight, "because," she said, "there was just enough for a cotillion, and they did dance so prettily."

—A striped snake, nine feet long, was killed at Essex, Mass., the other day and in his inside was found four toads, three small turtles, four birds and a large assortment of frogs, bugs and other delicacies.

—The Providence *Post* mentions the circumstance of three sisters who have lived in a house of prostitution in that city. On Friday one of them went to the theatre, came home and suddenly dropped dead of disease of the heart.

—The Troy *Times* says that Mrs. Trimble, wife of the steward and manager of the Albany Academy of Music, has commenced a suit against Dan. Bryant for breaking his engagement at the Academy last April. Damages laid at $5,000.

—A cross tie on an English railroad that had been laid in 1841, soaked in the Cocoa Nuts swamp, Florida, 1842. The grain of the wood was as fresh and tough as new timber, and the odor of the creosote was as strong as when first put down.

—Miss Buchanan, once rallying her cousin, an officer, on his courage, said: "Now, Mr. Blank, you must really mean to tell me you can walk up to a cannon's mouth without fear?" "Yes," was the prompt reply "or a Buchanan's either." And he did.

—The post-office at Warsaw, Wyoming county N. Y., was robbed on the 17th inst., of $200 worth of stamps. The sheriff of the county and the postmaster who was robbed, offer conjointly $400 for the apprehension of the thieves and the return of the property.

—Robert Henry Hendershot, "the Drummer Boy of the Rappahannock," now holds a position as conducter on the Union Pacific Railroad. His young wife, with whom he lately eloped from Poughkeepsie, is in Omaha, and has made quite a sensation in that city.

—Mr. and Mrs. Moore, of London, who take a great interest in the blind, have, with great success, taught a large number of blind women to use sewing machines, (quilted satin petticoats and cashmere sacques as well finished on every detail as if sight guided the worker's hands.

—The people of La Crosse, Wis., are becoming very much excited on the subject of the proposed removal of the ship yards and repair shops of the Northwestern Line at this critical period. Again, during Mr. Lincoln's administration, when doubt and dismay filled all hearts, he rose with majesty almost sublime, gave tone and decision to our public councils, displaced the incompetent, reorganized the trustworthy, and organized victory on every battle field."

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# FIRST EDITION. MIDNIGHT.

## AFFAIRS IN ITALY.

### The Attempt of Garibaldians Upon Rome.

NEW YORK, 30.—The *Tribune's* Florence (Italy) correspondence says the present Prime Minister, Ralazzi, is not as unconditional a champion of the complete separation between the Church and State as his predecessor, Ricasoli, but he also is willing to give liberty to the church whenever the church is ready to abandon her prerogatives. The majority of the chamber still holds to the old European views, that the rights of the State government extend also over religious affairs.

Garibaldi is exceedingly annoyed at the absurd attempts made to cross the Roman frontiers. It is true that he remains on the Continent in hopes of assistance in the solution of the Roman question; that he had given arms and money that Mazzini had sent in arms; but the programme was that the Romans should commence and that the Italians should assist them by means of a second Marsala expedition; but too many were let into the secret and a few premeture, incited by an ex-Minister, thought to raise the laurel crown for themselves and failed. Garibaldi's letter to the editor of the *Di Torono* has raised a storm about his head, but he declares he and his friends intend to fight for the possession of the capital of Italy and he will keep his word.

## FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30, 1867.

ALLEGED FORGERS RELEASED.

The three men, arrested a few days since as the supposed authors of a number of forgeries, have been released. The Bank authorities have been unable to identify them.

QUARANTINE INJUNCTION.

An injunction has been issued by Judge Low, restraining the Quarantine Commissioners from a further occupation of Coney Island for a boarding station.

MORTALITY IN BROOKLYN.

There were two hundred and seventy-seven deaths in Brooklyn last week, including nineteen from cholera.

ALLEGED COUNTERFEITER.

The woman Jormare, who passes as the wife of Barg, has been arrested for being concerned in the counterfeiting operations.

MOTION TO VACATE DENIED.

Judge Blatchford has denied the motion to vacate the attachment against Verna K. Stevenson, upon the hearing of the motion in the recel arny. It also is alleged that he defrauded the United States Government of ten thousand dollars, in conveying to and selling in New York three thousand bales of cotton.

THE VERMONT MURDERER.

Henry Williams, charged with the late double murder at Bradley Corner, was inderwent a preliminary examination yesterday, and was committed on a charge of murder. The evidence for the prosecution of the little daughter of the murdered couple. On his way to jail an effort was made by the friends of the accused to hang him, but the police were too vigilant, and he was safely conducted to jail.

FORGED HIS FATHER'S CHECK.

A young man named Bowers was arrested in Brooklyn, charged with forging his father's check for $8,000.

MAXIMILIAN'S BETRAYER.

A letter from Monterey says that Lopez, who betrayed Maximilian, has been carried by the Governor of Oaxaca, and is to be executed.

## THE CHOLERA.

### Its Ravages on the Frontier—The Disease Among the Troops Guarding the Railroad—People Flee from Fort Edwards.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—Western dispatches say there were six cases and two deaths from cholera at Fort Harker on Saturday. Sixteen cases had occurred among Kansas volunteers at Ft. Larned. The disease also appeared among the troops guarding the railroad construction party beyond Fort Harker, and several deaths occurred. Lieut. Col. Medill's wife died of cholera on board of Lyon on the 16th. Lieut. Reim died at Fort Larned on the 24th, and Capt. Bloodgood of the 38th Infantry, died at Camp Supply. Fort Larned while *en route* to New Mexico. Father Demortre, Catholic Priest at St. Mary's Mission, died on Thursday night, near Ellsworth, where he had been attending patients. He had been among the Pottawattamie Indians for about eighteen years, and was much respected throughout Kansas.

A Leavenworth special says: Persons from Fort Gibson, report that cholera is raging there. Twelve hundred people fled from Ellsworth City. The average mortality is ten per day, while directly by those Indians attacked die in from two to fifteen hours. The place is almost completely deserted, and a strolling party of Indians is expected. From three to five deaths per day are reported at Fort Harker. The scourge has also broken out among the troops at Forts Larned and Dodge.

## FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

### Correspondents Murderously Attacked for Participating in the Republican Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30.—The *Times'* Columbia, S. C., special says: Wm. J. Armstrong, representative of the Congressional Republican Committee, and J. G. Thomason, correspondent of the New York *Times*, were murderously assaulted last night in the Nickerson House, on account of their participation in the Republican Convention. No fatal injuries were sustained by the parties assailed. Governor Orr was present during the fight and succeeded in effecting peace by urging the assailed to retire to their rooms. Ratcliffe, the most prominent assailant, is a brother-in-law of Governor Orr. The rioters were arrested and immediately liberated on bail. General Burton, post commandant, was deputized to take warning. He has the rioters now under military arrest.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 30.—The assault on W. Armstrong and J. G. Thompson, correspondents, was committed by two drunken men who were arrested. The citizens denounced the assault. It was the result of liquor and unpremeditated.

## THE TURF.

### "Dexter" Wins a Race for $5,000—Remarkable Time on a Half Mile Track.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, July 30.—The great trot of this afternoon, at Riverside Riding Park, Brighton, between the trotting horse Dexter and Brown Morgan and Company, for a purse of $5,000, was won by Dexter in three straight heats—time 2:21¾, 2:19, 2:21¾. It being the first appearance of Dexter in the vicinity, fully ten thousand people assembled to witness the contest. There was not much, if any, betting, except at time, as the result was generally anticipated. Dexter's time on the second heat is said to be the best ever made on a half-mile track. The track was in excellent condition and everything passed off quietly.

## FROM RICHMOND.

### Disturbance at a Colored Meeting—Convention Delegates Assembling.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, July 30.—This afternoon, while a colored meeting was being addressed by a colored radical named Givens, a man named Driscoll, who it was charged disturbed the meeting, was set upon and very badly beaten. He was rescued by the police, who were followed to the station house by about one thousand negroes. He had a pistol, when the negroes charge he attempted to use at the meeting.

A considerable number of delegates to the Convention, appointed by the late county meetings, arrived this evening.

### Gas Explosion—Firemen Injured.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GLOUCESTER, MASS., July 30.—Three explosions of gas took place last evening in the cellar of the Mansion House of Ebendale, Hayden & Co., by which the explosion of ten to twenty firemen and others were badly burned. One fireman, named Moses Bustliver, died of his injuries.

GLOUCESTER, 30.—The following persons were injured by the gas explosion: Wm. Somers and Frank Burnham, badly burned face and hands, Somers badly injured in eyes; B. E. Jones and J. D. Carter were terribly burned about the face and head; S. Rich, badly burned on face and neck, hopes for his recovery; R. Griffin, burned, and Wm. H. Gardner severely burned in the face and neck, not fatally; Thos. Raymond, burned, not dangerously; Edward Holcekiss, right hand shockingly burned; A. J. Rowe, burned, but will probably recover; Geo. H. Oaks, shockingly burned in the face; Philip S. C. Day and Wilby Martin, slightly burned.

### Arrivals from Europe.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30.—The steamers Malta from Liverpool, and Concordia, from Antwerp, arrived to-day.

BOSTON, July 30.—The steamship China, from Liverpool on July 20th, and Queenstown on July 21st, via Halifax on the 29th, arrived at ten o'clock to-night.

### St. Paul and Chicago Railway.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 30.—The contractors of the St. Paul and Chicago Railway have been notified to commence work on the 40 miles of the line between St. Paul and Winona. It is to be completed in one year.

### Families of Government Officials.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, July 30.—The gunboat Ascutney arrived from Washington, having on board the ladies of the White House, family of secretary Welles, and Assistant Secretary Faxon.

### River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 30.—The River is falling slowly.

LOUISVILLE, July 30.—River falling with 3 feet 4 inches in the Canal.

# SECOND EDITION. FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

## FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

### ENGLAND.

COPY HOLD AND LODGER FRANCHISE.

LONDON, July 30.—In the House of Lords the reform bill has been amended by adding five pounds to the annual amount of the rentals upon which copyhold and lodger franchises are respectively based. By these amendments the basis of the copyhold franchise is increased from five pounds to ten pounds per annum, and that of the lodger franchise from ten pounds to fifteen pounds per annum.

UNITED STATES PRACTICE SQUADRON.

PORTSMOUTH, ENG., July 30.—The United States practice squadron, consisting of the frigate Macedonia, sloop of war Dale, and other vessels, have arrived off Cowes.

GOODWOOD RACES.

LONDON, June 30—*Evening.*—The Goodwood races commenced to-day. The weather is very fine, and thousands of spectators were present. The race for Stewards' cup was won by Sib Thrope. The leading horses came in as follows: Sib Thrope first, Woolsey second, and Sultan third.

NAPOLEON'S NOTE TO PRUSSIA.

LONDON, July 30.—*Midnight.*—In the House of Commons to-night, Lord Stanley, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in answer to a question, stated the Emperor Napoleon had sent a note to the King of Prussia, but it would be improper to disclose its contents at the present time.

### FRANCE.

DAMAGE TO CROPS BY DROUGHT.

PARIS, July 30.—The dry weather which has prevailed for over a week past proves highly favorable to the crops, and reports from some of the agricultural districts of France say that much damage has been done by the drought.

NAPOLEON'S VISIT TO AUSTRIA.

It is understood that the Emperor Napoleon, on his visit to Vienna, will be met by the Emperor of Austria at the frontier village of Silsbach, on the Tyrol, whence the two Emperors will proceed to the Austrian Capital.

TRIAL OF REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES—TRIUMPH OF AMERICANS.

This afternoon a trial of the reaping and mowing machines of the world took place on the Emperor's farm, at Vincennes. Over a dozen machines, from France, Spain, England and the United States entered in competion for the International prizes. McCormick's reaper performed the allotted task in twenty-four minutes, and Wood's reaper in twenty-six minutes. The prize will undoubtedly be given in accordance with these results. The American machines worked better and faster than any others on the ground.

### AUSTRIA.

A VISIT FROM NAPOLEON.

VIENNA, July 30.—The Vienna *Presse* of this morning announces, on authority, that His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor Napoleon, will arrive in this city on the 7th of August, on a visit to the Emperor of Austria.

ISLAND OF CANDIA AFFAIRS.

Baron Von Beust, the Austrian Premier, and Fuad Pasha, the Minister of the Sultan, who accompanies his sovereign here, have had a conference on the proposed inquiry into the affairs of the Island of Candia.

### PRUSSIA.

NAPOLEON'S NOTE DENIAL.

BERLIN, July 30.—The Prussian journals have denounced as false the *Moniteur's* denial of Napoleon's note to the King of Prussia, in regard to Schleswig, and they maintain that the denial was prompted by the defiant tone of King William's reply to the note of the French Emperor.

NORTH GERMAN CONFEDERATION FLAG.

The national flag for the confederation of the North German States has been adopted, and will go into use on the first of October.

### IRELAND.

MASSEY, THE FENIAN INFORMER.

DUBLIN, July 30.—At the examination of General Fiavalo, yesterday, Massey was on the witness stand, and testified that the prisoner had been chief of staff to General Clusseret, of the United States Army, during the rebellion.

### ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, July 30.—The North German Lloyd's steamship Hansa, Captain Oterardorf, which left New York on the 18th inst., arrived here to-day, and after landing her English passengers, mails and freight, sailed for Bremen.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, July 30—*Evening.*—The cotton market closed dull; middling uplands, 10½d.; Orleans, 10¾d.; sales of 8,000 bales. Breadstuffs—Corn declining, receipts large, and closed at 35s 3d per quarter for mixed western. Flour, 30s for Southern. Pork 85s. Lard, 45s. Tallow, 48s 6d. Four months, 44s. Beef, 142s. Lard, 49s 9d. Pork, 73s. Bacon, 43s. Produce—Ashes, 31s for Pot. Rosin, common, 10s. Spirits turpentine, 38s. Petroleum Spirits, 9½, refined, 1s 6d. Tallow, 48 6d. Clover Seed, 61s.

LONDON, July 30 — *Evening.* — Consols closed at 94 for money and 94¼ for account. American securities closed at the following rates: 5-20s 29 3-4s; Illinois Central, 72¾; Erie, 48.

LONDON, July 30—*Noon.*—Consols and iron unchanged from opening quotations. Linseed Cakes advanced to £10. Other articles unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, July 30.—*Evening.*—Trade report; the advices from Manchester are unfavorable to the market for goods, and yarns were dull and depressed.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 30, 1867.

INDIAN PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

It is expected the Commissioners appointed under the act of Congress to treat with hostile Indians, will assemble at St. Louis on the 6th of August, for organization and arrangement of programme. Those now in the Atlantic States will start for the point of rendezvous in time. Ample liberality is apprehended. The territory proposed will be appropriated as a permanent home for the Indians, and the country comprising the north western section of Texas is cut off from the residue of the Indian territory, which is called Staked plains, a sandy waste, and the central part of the State, if that indeed, in these times, should be deemed necessary, can be procured in exchange. It was thought while in the Ninth ward, some two hours elapsing before he was seen by a surgeon. Drs. Bracheur and Arndel, of the Ninth ward, and Dr. Hazlep, of Allegheny, surgeon of the road, were called to attend upon the unfortunate man. The "shock" was so severe that reaction did not take place, and the man died a little before one o'clock, about six hours after receiving the injury. He was from Butler county, served two years in the army, and has been in the employ of the company for two years. He leaves a wife and two children in dependent circumstances. Coroner Clawson was notified and held an inquest on the body at four o'clock yesterday when a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

### The Lock Out.

The *Evening Advocate* of yesterday says:

"We sincerely rejoice that the lockout of the iron masters of this city, against the iron boilers, which has existed for some months past, has been terminated, at last, by an honorable concession to the boilers. Acting upon a proposition from the iron boilers' organization of the Boilers' Union held a conference with them early last week, the result of which was an agreement that the boilers should receive eight cents per ton for puddling, instead of seven dollars as hitherto required by the iron masters, the attempt to enforce which reduction caused the long standing lockout, the boilers having previously received nine dollars per ton. Last Saturday evening, as our readers are aware, a meeting of the Boilers' Union was held at their hall, on the corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, for the purpose of hearing, and rejecting the result of the late conference, and it was ratified by an almost unanimous vote. The boilers agreeing to accept the reduction of one dollar, and, also, to regain the lost trade, to submit to a further reduction, in case the iron regained."

The arrangement will go into effect on the 17th proximo.

### Sent to the Tombs.

John Stewart, a character with whom the police are familiar, and with whom the readers of police news have a passing acquaintance, from the frequent appearance of his name in the police reports, was arrested by officer Fitley, Monday, and taken to the lock-up to await a hearing. John, it seems, was drunk, and was passing along Grant street, near Liberty, in company with his wife, Eliza Stewart. The "Twelve Apostles," whose vocation it is to scrape the dirt from the streets, were at work on Grant street, and Mrs. Stewart addressed one of them, an old man, who responded. John thereupon attacked the old man, and beat him considerably, when he was arrested as stated. Before his arrest, however, the "apostle" had retaliated by hitting his assailant over the head with a hoe. Yesterday morning, at the hearing, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart endeavored, by dint of much "palaver" to prove that the old man struck the first blow. Their success, however, was not perfect, inasmuch as the defendant was sent to jail for a period of ten days in default of ten dollars to pay his fine.


Cold Sparkling Soda Water at J. T. Sample's Drug Store, No. 58 Federal street, Allegheny.


## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

### A Barber-ous Affair.

A difficulty occurred a few evenings since between two "Knights of the razor," which is to be sorely lamented, not so much on account of its demoralizing influences, as for the consequences of the affair itself. The parties, John West, of Grant street, and Frederick Haefner, who holds forth on Wylie street, have been firm friends for a time "wherein the memory of man runneth not to the contrary," and it was confidently hoped that the bonds of friendship would be strengthened by the union between the families; but, alas, that "hope has departed forever." It appears that Mr. West was to marry Mr. Haefner's sister, and the time approached when the consummation so devoutly wished for should be effected. Mrs West, the mother of John, was prosecutrix in a suit at Court after the engagement had taken place, and was worsted and left in the costs. In view of the approaching relationship between the two families, Mr. Haefner lent the lady the necessary amount of money, about seventy dollars, without demanding the usual security. Time passed and the seventy dollars were not refunded. One evening recently, West and Haefner were drinking beer together, and the latter hinted rather strongly about the money. Some words ensued, but the matter dropped. The matter rested, however, and yesterday, as West alleges, Haefner came to his barber shop and hit him a blow on the mouth, and then struck him with a chair and then with a stool, inflicting injuries so severe that a physician had to be called. Haefner, on learning of the information before Alderman McMasters, charging Haefner with aggravated assault and battery, gave bonor in the sum of $500 this morning and brought face to face with his accuser before the magistrate. So cordial was the feeling between the two, that the constable had to stand between them. Haefner embraced the opportunity to make improper advances against West for assaulting battery, alleging that the accused came to his (Haefner's) shop, pulled off his boot and hit him over the head with it, and then struck him over his manly brow with a broom stick. Both cases were held for a hearing at ten o'clock this morning. We are informed that the match has been broken off and that Miss H., when West called on her, politely informed him that his calls for the future could be dispensed with.

### Serious Accident on Liberty Street—Two Young Ladies Injured.

An accident of a serious nature occurred yesterday afternoon at the cracker bakery of S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street. Four of the young ladies employed in the establishment had been in the third story at noon, eating their luncheon. Shortly after one o'clock they prepared to come down to the first story to resume their work, and instead of coming down the stairs as they had come up, decided to descend by means of the elevator, used for conveying down boxes, &c. They accordingly got upon the platform and commenced to descend, when the platform suddenly commenced to move, however, before one of the cog wheels used in moving it broke and the entire platform, girls, cog wheels, &c., precipitated into the cellar, a distance of about fifty feet. So great was the concussion that the heavy cross beam to which the chain which lifts the platform is attached was broken. The girls, of course were all more or less injured by the fall. Mary Rodgers, of Sharpsburg, was severely injured. Brichley had her left ankle broken and received internal injuries. Mary Ann Crowley was severely bruised about the pelvis. Drs. A. McMahon, of Penn street, and J. D. Stonerood, of Fourth street, were immediately in attendance, and everything possible was done for the injured girls. Mary Edwards resides on Grant street. Kate Brichley resides on Grant street, Mary A. Crowley on High street, and Mary J. Gormly on Grant street, in Long's row.

### Held to Bail.

Jimmy O'Donnell, of High street, arrested on Sunday for disorderly conduct, charged with running through the streets in a nude state, was kept in the lock-up until yesterday, awaiting a hearing on a charge of assault and battery that had been previously preferred against him. The charge is made by Michael McGraw, who resides on High street, directly opposite the residence of O'Donnell's father. The dispute originated in the latter having on Sunday morning the deponent entered his house, the door having been left unfastened by the lady living on the premises, and went to the room occupied by McGraw's daughters. He had on nothing but his trowsers and hat at the time, having left his boots and coat where he first entered. He found the next morning. He approached the bed where the little girls lay and awoke the eldest, when she at once attempted to cry out he struck her in the face. The elder girl awoke and he caught her by the throat and choked her severely, at the same time endeavoring to strip off her night dress. The child got free and fled, leaving her night dress in his hands, who then left the house. By that time the neighbors, representatives of the Boilers' Union held a conference with them early last week, the result of which was an agreement that the boilers should receive eight cents per ton for puddling, instead of seven dollars as hitherto required by the iron masters, the attempt to enforce which reduction caused the long standing lockout, the boilers having previously received nine dollars per ton. Last Saturday evening, as our readers are aware, a meeting of the Boilers' Union was held at their hall, on the corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, for the purpose of hearing, and rejecting the result of the late conference, and it was ratified by an almost unanimous vote, the boilers agreeing to accept the reduction of one dollar, and, also, to regain the lost trade, to submit to a further reduction, in case the iron regained."

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Cold Sparkling Soda Water at J. T. Sample's Drug Store, No. 58 Federal street, Allegheny.


## STATE SENATOR.

### Senator Bigham and His Constituents—Request that He Stand for a Second Term—His Reply.

HON. THOMAS J. BIGHAM:

*Dear Sir*—The undersigned citizens of Allegheny county respectfully and most earnestly urge that you permit your name to be used as a Senatorial candidate at the approaching election.

The devotion you have manifested to the interests of your constituency, so marked and so zealous, deserves any and the best gifts in their hands. We claim, also, that the grave importance of pending measures —particularly those concerning the financial and railroad policy of the State—demands that kind of experience only attainable by years of previous service:

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|---|---|
| Wm. Phillips, | Means & Coffin, |
| Jones & Laughlins, | Park, Bro. & Co. |
| James H. Lyon & Co. | Park, Painter & Co., |
| McKnight & Co., | Nimick & Co., |
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| James Wood & Co., | Evans, Glow, Dalzell |
| Reese, Graff & Dail, | & Co., |
| G. P. Scaife, | Wm. B. Scaife, |
| Adams, McKee & Co., | John Rebman, |
| Isaac Jones, | Graff, Byers & Co., |
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| J. Painter & Sons, | Lloyd & Black, |
| Singer, Nimick & Co., | Wm. McCul y & Co., |
| Robinson, Rea & Co., | Shoenberger & Co., |
| Wm. S. Haseld, | H. Shoenberger & |
| McKee & Bro., | Blair, |
| Wolf, Howard & Co., | Thos. M. Marshal, |
| A. G. Hatry, | Fry & Scott, |
| R. E. Sellers, | John D. Grey, |
| Jos. Woodwell & Co., | D. Reid, Agent, |
| Dilworth, Richardson & Co., | Bakewell, Pears & Co. |
| Curt, M'Candless & Co. | R. Childs & Co., |
| Morgansteern & Bro., | Robert Bell, |
| Robert Hare, | Reymer & Bros., |
| Cunningham & Imbsen | D. F.

Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1867.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.—In common with other city papers yesterday, the GAZETTE made very grave and provoking blunders in its publication of petitions in bankruptcy filed in the United States District Court. Our reporter published the name of Mr. JAMES CONNOR, one of our most reliable business men, as having applied for the benefit of the law. He appeared only as petitioner against D. D. YOKE, of Monongahela city, in a case of involuntary bankruptcy. So also with Messrs. HOPKINS & LAZEAR, and JAMES TURVEY, Esq., of Greensburg, whose names were published. In performing their duties as attorneys they simply filed petitions for other parties. We regret the errors exceedingly, and in justice to the gentlemen who improperly figured as bankrupts make this correction.

THE NICOLSON PAVEMENT.

In the proceedings of the City Councils, published yesterday in our columns, was a Report of the Committee on Streets in reference to the Pavement known as the Nicolson. This Report was drawn and subscribed after the Committee had visited Chicago and St. Louis; had made inquiries in those cities covering the whole subject matter, and had examined many specimens of the Pavement. It is not our purpose to animadvert upon that Report; to question any of the facts stated therein; or to affirm or dissent from any of the conclusions arrived at. Our purpose is rather to urge the adoption of some proper substitute for cobble-stones, than which nothing can be worse either for horses or for persons. In the principal European cities various substitutes have been tried; several of them with such success as to make a return to the old plan impossible.

Whether the Nicolson Pavement is the thing for streets burdened with heavy teaming would admit at least of doubt, if respect was had exclusively to the contradictory statements in regard to it. In Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Louisville, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Memphis and various other cities the journals have discussed it with animation, some declaring it to be the finest Pavement in the world, while others affirm it is totally worthless. In Memphis it is held to be not only excellent for travel, but a preventive of cholera; not a case of that disease having occurred on a street in which it is laid down.

Now, it is probable that much of the discrepancy of ideas respecting the utility of this Pavement is explained by the different degrees of fidelity with which the jobs have been respectively executed. In Cincinnati loud complaints are made that the contractors became suddenly rich, while the Pavement is worthless. It is affirmed that much of it was laid without gravel, tar or rails; that men have actually taken blocks out of their beds in the carriage-way with their fingers; that the Pavement ruts, rots, and discloses all manner of inconveniences and annoyances.

This suggests a precaution. If this Pavement shall be tried here by the authorities, on any scale large or small, let it be well done, for the benefit of the community and not of contractors.

EUROPEAN DIPLOMACY

For weeks past France has been making formidable military preparations, betokening the speedy commencement of warlike operations. To such an extent have these preparations been pushed as to disquiet all neighboring commercial nations, and to compel the governments of several of them to adopt like measures, so as not to be caught unready in case the gathering thunder bolts should be hurled at their heads.

Yesterday Cable telegrams announced that the Paris *Moniteur*, the mouthpiece of the Emperor NAPOLEON, had given formal assurance that the relations of France with all European powers are eminently peaceful; and had endeavored to explain some, at least, of the circumstances that had created general alarm. No body doubts but these assurances were inspired by the Emperor himself; and nobody reposes any confidence in them. This distrust, in the face of positive averments, indicates the popular judgment of the personal character of the Emperor, as well as the hollowness of what passes in Europe for diplomacy. The Emperor is not believed, because he has not established a reputation for truthfulness. His impassive countenance does not serve as a window through which his soul may be seen, but as a mask behind which his motives and intentions are concealed. Napoleon I. adopted as one of his fundamental maxims the sentence that "Lying is a power." The terror inspired by his name enabled him oftimes to make a lie stand in place of a regiment, a battalion, a brigade, a division, or a corps. In looking over his letters to his brother Joseph, now published, it is absolutely sickening to see with what earnestness he enjoined duplicity and falsehood, as a most advantageous policy, upon one whose instincts revolted at the degradation of proclaiming as truth what he knew to be falsehood. The illustrious nephew has no scruples of delicacy or conscience in saying whatever seems to be for his immediate interests. Unfortunately for himself, he has carried the habit of unveracity so far, and been exposed in it so often, that he stands altogether discredited.

A story is told of BISMARK. He was interrogated by the Austrian Ambassador touching his purposes in a certain matter. It suited his convenience to make a direct answer, which he did; but he gruffly added, "If the fact had been otherwise, I should have made the same response."

Whether NAPOLEON III. will put the warlike plans he has undoubtedly formed into execution will depend not at all upon the pledges he has made or may make, but largely upon the condition in which he may find the European powers against which he meditates hostilities He will not be apt to strike unless upon a calculation of probabilities he shall be satisfied he can make the blow effectual. Something will depend, too, upon the temper of the French people. The recent debates in the Imperial Legislature, of which we gave some account a day or two ago, are of a description to suggest the inquiry whether the Emperor has not as much to fear from insurrectionary movements in his own capital as from alliances between other nations. The leaders of French opinion demand a larger measure of freedom than they enjoy. Hampering chafes them. They long for the return of the era of true parliamentary discussion, in which knowledge, ability and genius can exert their proper influence. The journalists are weary of writing, not what they think, and what they feel the masses ought to read, but what it pleases the government to have disseminated. An intense unrest prevades the populace. Patient under burdens when the national glory is augmented; when the renown of French valor is increased; the Parisians are keenly sensitive to national humiliations, such as have been experienced both in Mexico and Germany. Is the Emperor arming France against itself? Does he really fear one of those volcanic eruptions by which thrones are broken and dynasties overthrown? It has often been demonstrated, more frequently in France than elsewhere, that a vast army is more inclined to sympathize with the nation than with the monarch, when these two are in opposition. It cannot be otherwise. When all or most of the families of a nation are represented in an army, such a force cannot be expected to act against the common estimate of the national well-being. This is particularly true where reading is an accomplishment possessed either by the whole or a considerable proportion of the people.

But the fact that the rulers of Europe have no confidence in each other, occasions serious infelicities. Among these is the necessity for those vast armaments which abstract millions of men from productive industry and entail the burden of supporting them upon the residue. Under this infliction Europe has groaned for centuries, hoping for deliverance, but finding none.

The Deadful Tragedy in Vermont—Later and Interesting Particulars.

[From the Boston Post.]

BELLOWS FALLS, VT., July 24.—The staid, sober and serious denizens among the green hills of Vermont, where a portfolio of crime or a chapter of murder is seldom opened, were, on Tuesday morning last, startled and surprised at the announcement, embodied in the brief and hurried particulars of one of the most brutal, atrocious and cold blooded murders ever perpetrated in the State.

The scene of this most horrible and unprovoked tragedy was near Weathersfield, one of the most quiet and enterprising little villages in the whole State, and only a few miles from Windsor, where the State Prison is located.

Up to this writing (Wednesday night) the excitement created by this foul murder is most intense, extending not only over the whole county in which the deed was committed, but throughout the entire State, and all through the immediate counties of New Hampshire. So intense is the excitement that it is almost impossible for your reporter to winnow out of the confused mass of particulars anything like a full and correct account of horrible deed. Everybody seems to be astounded. Neighbors, citizens and officials are entirely nonplussed. Murder—a crime almost entirely unknown in this sober and exemplary Commonwealth—nerves its bloody perpetrators to deeds most foul, and here, among a serious, Christian people, writes one of the most tragic chapters to be found within the whole range of criminal story in America.

On Monday night last, or rather about three o'clock Tuesday morning, as the evidence passes, a Frenchman by the name of Williams, who had been employed as a farm hand by Mr. Gill Gowing up to the first of June last, and who, on making a settlement with Mr. Gowing had some dispute in regard to wages, threatening at the time to "get even," called at the residence of Mr. Gowing, and after arousing the household and giving his name as that of a neighbor (Mr. Hitchcock) inquired for Mr. Gowing, saying that the cattle were in his corn field, and he had better get up immediately. Mr. Gowing arose, and went directly to the door, and on opening it was felled to the floor by a lever in the hands of his murderer. This done, Williams went to a particular corner of the house where Mr. Gowing was in the habit of keeping his working tools, and got an axe, with which he returned, and with one blow split open the head of his victim, driving the axe some distance into the floor.

The confusion incident to the murder had aroused Mr. Gowing's wife, who was sleeping in the adjacent room. Hearing her screams, the murderer entered her apartment and with the axe yet dripping with the blood of his first victim, struck the defenceless woman in the neck, nearly severing her head from her body. This done, he espied the innocent little child, peacefully asleep in a trundle bed. The fiend carefully shoved the trundle under the bed where the dead mother was lying, and then proceeded to make his search for treasure.

He first split open a bureau in the bedroom, the blows of his murderous axe leaving blood stains and clotted hair wherever it fell. Finding no treasure here, he proceeded to ransack other localities of the house, prosecuting his search for nearly half an hour after the last murder. During all this time the little child, a girl of some thirteen years, instead of screaming as she heard the dying agonies of her father and he last prayerful pleadings of her mother, feigned to be asleep, and with the sheet drawn closely around her head, she was unmolested by the heartless murderer of her parents. Besmeared with the blood of his two victims, Williams then left the house, his search for money being unsuccessful, notwithstanding there was between five and six hundred dollars concealed in the bed where the murdered woman was lying. After leaving the scene of his double murder, he quietly proceeded to the house of a neighbor only half a mile distant, and engaged to work through haying.

After remaining in the hay field for some two or three hours he asserted that he was quite unwell, and quitting the field, started for Windsor, evidently with the intention of making his escape by rail. On the road to Windsor he was overtaken by a gentleman in carriage, who gave him a ride. The news of the murder had preceded him, and the evidence of the little girl, who recognized Williams by his voice, led to his arrest directly after his arrival at Windsor. When taken into custody he feigned to be surprised, but at the same time was greatly agitated and nervous, betraying all the premonitory evidence of a conscience stricken offender.

He was taken to prison, and as soon as possible a hearing was had and he was fully committed.

The news of the terrible tragedy spread like wildfire, and before steps could be taken to secure an inquest the quiet homestead of the murdered wife and husband, father and mother, was visited by thousands of people. The village of Claremont, N. H., being nearly deserted, business was suspended and every available conveyance pressed into service to carry the anxious and curious to the bloody scene.

Mr. Gowing and his family had resided for some six or seven years in that vicinity, and were most highly esteemed by all who knew them. Mr. G. was not only a farmer, but was also an extensive dealer in cattle and horses—always keeping large sums of money in his house for this purpose, which his murderer well knew.

Williams, the murderer, is a Frenchman, and is reported to be a most ugly and desperate character, this not being the first criminal offence laid to his charge. With the evidence now against him, a conviction will be easily secured.

The latest accounts are to the effect that Williams had an accomplice. Conductor Dow, who let him off at the bridge, testifies that another man got off with him.

The Delusions of the South.

Judging from the following from the Richmond *Whig*, of July 11th, some of the papers in the South which were once supporters of the rebellion have occasional lucid intervals. The *Whig* forcibly says:

Not going back beyond the origin of the war, the South; under the teachings of unwise leaders, has been the victim of the following delusions:

*First*, That secession would prove a remedy for wrongs inflicted or mischiefs threatened.

*Second*, That war would not result from secession because the people of the North lacked the courage for such an undertaking; because cotton was king; because they were too shrewd to quarrel with their own bread and butter; and because the great Democratic party of the North was pledged to throw itself across the path of any army that might attempt to move southward.

*Third*, That if war should result we might confidently count on the assistance of Great Britain, and that with or without such assistance we could never be subjugated.

*Fourth*. The war being begun, that we had only to hold on, and two things would happen which would secure our triumph: First, a reaction against it, led on by the Democratic party; and, second, a financial crash that would deprive the Government of the means to carry it on.

*Fifth*. The war being ended, that the North would open its arms at once, would run to meet us, kill the fatted calf, &c.

*Sixth*. Finding ourselves disappointed in this, that we might safely put our reliance in the President, whose protection would be sure defense, and whose power would secure for us a speedy reinvestment with the privilege of self-government.

*Seventh*. The President having failed, that we must again look to the Democratic party of the North, who were about to carry the elections and revolutionize Congress.

*Eighth*. The Democratic party having lost rather than gained in the elections, that we must look to the Supreme Court, who would set up the Constitution as our shield and buckler, and, with the awful frown of justice, would petrify Congress into silence and submission.

This, like the others, has proved a delusion. Thus, one assurance after another of those who would lead us has proved false; one hope after another has failed. What remains? Where next shall we look? Ask the Richmond *Inquirer* and it will tell you again, as, in substance it is telling you daily, look to the Democratic party! Has not that reed broken and pierced our sides often enough?

What remains? Our condition as a people is a most unhappy one. We need relief, repose, security. We trusted to the President, and he was powerless. We looked to the Supreme Court and it availed us not. We have waited for a popular re-action in the North till waiting is madness. There is but one recourse left, but it is an all sufficient one. We must overcome the hostility of the party that controls Congress, the President, the Court and the country. We must cease to make an unavailing, peaceful, and self-hurting war upon it. We must accept its continued ascendency, and consent that the power of the Government shall remain in its hands. We must secure its confidence and good will. We see no other hope.

Why Scotchmen Get On.

No class of foreigners are more desirable or more cordially welcomed in the United States than Scotchmen. Hardy, enterprising and industrious, they make the best citizens. A writer in the London *Spectator*, after remarking that they succeed everywhere, proceeds to tell why they do so. Though hard in demeanor, and pragmatical in mind, the Scotchman is nevertheless one of the most adaptable of mankind. There is a fund of reasonableness in him which enables him to adapt himself to all circumstances, to "tolerate the intolerable."

Nobody is so independent, and nobody likes his own way more keenly, but a Scotchman makes an almost perfect servant. He does not hate his employer for employing him, as nine Englishmen in ten do, and does not think service a profession, as Frenchmen and Germans are apt to do. He means to be master himself some day soon, and meanwhile there is the employer and there is the work, and both are natural facts, and he obeys the one and does the other with a reasoning fidelity. Scotch clerks, and "factors," and agents, and employes generally are simply the best in the world, unapproachable by Englishmen, and prized only by Germans of the very best kind. That single capacity, the capacity of obedience without becoming obedient, smooths the path of every Scotchman in the beginning of life, and the same temperament makes itself manifest in other and higher departments of work.

Of all people they have always succeeded best in France, because though they do not change or lose their national characteristics, they do just what the English will not—they accept France. "They consequently," the writer continues, "never excite the hatred which attaches to Englishmen abroad, and which is not so much excited as by a sort of knobbiness of character, a determination not to fit into any hole which he has not made himself." The writer adds:

It is the same in India. The Scotch push there more vehemently than any other race, and are, we think, quite as apt as Englishmen to dislike a native, but they rarely contract the English hatred of the country, accept the people they do not like, yield to all climatic conditions, and in their grave, stiff way, either reconcile themselves to facts, or the facts to them. They change in India much less than the English do—the Anglo Indian is less like an Englishman in ideas than an Australian or American—but they fit themselves in, and are often exceedingly popular. The Scotch missionaries in Bengal, for example, have among all missionaries perhaps the greatest influence over the people, an influence the more remarkable because they of all missionaries have taken the least trouble to acquire the native tongue. The Southerners used to say that Scotchmen made the best slavedrivers, not so cruel as the Yankees, more steadily stern than the English; and they succeed equally well in Asia. One Scotchman will get more work done in a Bengalee Indigo factory, with less fuss and irritation among the people, than any other human being, and the same fact is perceptible in the construction of railways.

A WASHINGTON correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* narrates at considerable length a conversation with President JOHNSON. After giving his views of the Reconstruction Acts, Negro Suffrage, and various other points—

"Mr. Johnson asked me if I had any idea what was the nature of General Grant's testimony before the Judiciary Committee. I told him I only knew of the rumor that had been floating about Washington, attributed to Mr. Eldridge, a democratic member of the Judiciary Committee, to the effect that Grant's testimony made him a good candidate for the Democracy; but that I had also heard that the Radical members of the Committee asserted the very reverse of this, and claimed the testimony as fitting Grant for a Radical nomination. The President replied that he had regarded Grant as an endorser of his policy all along. 'You will remember,' said he, 'that the message for which I was first denounced in the Senate as whitewashing the condition of affairs in the South, was based partly upon information furnished by General Grant in his report, which accompanied that message. I have never spoken very much to General Grant on the subject of politics, but I should be surprised to find out at this time that he has been opposed to what I have been attempting to do for the restoration of the Southern States.'"

CHOLERA! CHOLERA!

With the almost certain advent of Cholera, no thoughtful person will be unprepared for its Secure what experience has demonstrated to be the most certain antidote—that which has cured once will cure again, and never purchase a new and untried article, when an OLD AND RELIABLE ARTICLE can be had. When the cholera visited us on two former occasions, it was found by experience that

FLEMING'S CHOLERA MIXTURE

Was the best, and superseded all others, therefore it stands to reason that, if you would have an article that you can depend on, you should purchase it to the exclusion of all others.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

Corner Diamond and Market Street.

jy29:tr

RESTORES GRAY or FADED HAIR, and as a dressing is exquisite. Strengthens hair from falling cures Dandruff, Headache and all Eruptive Diseases of the Scalp.

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| The Most Perfect Hair Restorer | | |
| "London | Ever | Hair Color Restorer" |
| "London | Introduced. | Hair Color Restorer" |
| "London | Bald Heads | Hair Color Restorer" |
| "London | Reclothed | Hair Color Restorer" |
| "London | with | Hair Color Restorer" |
| "London | New Hair. | Hair Color Restorer" |

Only 75 cents a bottle; half dozen, $4. Address orders for it to SWAYNE'S, Philadelphia. Sold by McCLAUGAN & McKENNAN, GEO. A. KELLY & CO., JOS. FLEMING, A. TOUSLEY, H. S. LLOYD & Co., Pittsburgh; KAHN & DREYFUS, Allegheny.

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CONVINCING.

FULTON, OSWEGO Co., July, 1866.

MESSRS. HOYT BROS. & SMITH—Gentlemen: I have been severely afflicted with paralysis of the stomach, and even given up by several eminent physicians. I have tried several remedies of a tonic and stimulating nature, but without any good results. Some three or four months ago I was induced to try your STOMACH BITTERS, and have used about seven or eight bottles with a decided benefit. My health is greatly improved, and I consider your BITTERS the only efficacious remedy of their kind in the market. If used as directed they will allow prove a sovereign remedy to those afflicted with dyspepsia or other diseases of a like nature.

Respectfully yours, LYMAN MUDGE.

HASTINGS, DAKOTA Co., MINN., Aug., 1866.

MESSRS. HOYT BROS. & SMITH—Gentlemen: I have been a sufferer from DYSPEPSIA for three years, during which time I have tried many of the so-called remedies of the day, but found no relief until I was induced to try your BITTERS, which I am happy to say has entirely restored me to health, and I consider them the best medicine now before the public. Yours truly,

D. C. REYNOLDS, M. D.

GOLD, St. Joseph Co. Mich., July 31, 1865.

MESSRS. HOYT BROS. & SMITH—Gentlemen: I consider your BITTERS a certain balm for a thousand ills. Yours truly,

D. C. REYNOLDS, M. D.

CURE OF A TUMOR.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, and suffered during a terrible tumor, which I had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the tortuous part, must cure. If anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to say to you myself (with every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of youth restored.

Yours, gratefully, J— C—.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 120 Penn st, from 8 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., *Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and for all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.*

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

THAT TENNESSEE FLOUR.

75 bbls. Broadway Mills;

To arrive by rail, for sale by

jy31 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *conditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Law Office, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

Two Copper Stills; Two Worms and Tubs; one Heating Tub; two Beer Tubs; one Hand Rake; one Box Meal; one Tub of Chopped Rye; one keg Whisky; five empty Kegs; all the fixtures and implements belonging to said Distillery, the Building used for said Distillery, and the lot of Ground on which said distillery is situated, in case of forfeiture. Seized and taken as the property of DAVID McCRACKEN, at the suit of the United States.

THOS. A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, July 27, 1867. } jy29:31:a2:3:6:7

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THOS. A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, July 27, 1867. } jy29:31:a2:3:6:7

The Highest Market Price

PAID FOR

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

GOLD, SILVER,

COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,

Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

my8:tu&s:wsw

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW BEGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Names and Stamps, and making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWN, Manager.

SHEPHARD'S CRACKERS

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AN OPENING FOR BUSINESS is offered by the proprietor of a manufacturing establishment now in successful operation in this city. The proprietor will give satisfactory reasons for wishing to sell, and will, if desired, retain an interest in the concern.

Capital required about $11,000.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

Apollo Building, Fourth street.

jy29

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth Street,

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold. 1y 29

NEW BOOK STORE.

Union Sabbath School Book Store.

Bibles and Testaments, Sabbath School Library Books and Requisites; Theological, School and Blank Books, Stationery, &c. Rare and Miscellaneous Books secured and all orders promptly filled, as cheap as the cheapest.

F. G. REINKAMP,
123 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FEATHERS—70 sacks in store, for sale by

jy31 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

DRY APPLES AND PEACHES

will be sold very low, to close them, by

jy31 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

ROPE OIL—10 bbls. in store;

10 bbls. to arrive by rail;

For sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.—Proposals will be received at JAMES ROBB'S shoe Store, No. 9 Market street, until THURSDAY, the 8th day of August, for the PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING required in the Keystone Savings Bank, on Liberty Street.

Specifications can be seen at the office of BARR & MOSER, Nos. 2 and 181, Clair street.

jy8:td

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the

PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR CO.

Will meet at the BOARD OF TRADE ROOMS, on MONDAY, the 4th day of August, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

T. L. RODGERS, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 25, 1867. jy31:w2

GRAND

DEMONSTRATION!

1884. THE 1883.

LINCOLN MEMORIAL

1776. 1867.

CEMETERY ASSOCIATION!

Cordially invites the public of PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY CITY and vicinity, to participate in a

GRAND DEMONSTRATION,

IN BEHALF OF

HUMAN LIBERTY AND PROGRESS,

ON

Thursday, August 1st, 1867,

AT

IRON CITY PARK.

The LINCOLN GUARDS, of Allegheny City, under command of Capt. W. W. STRANGE, will be escorted by the 1st Regiment U. S. Marshal W. A. WATERS, over the following route: Up Avery to Ohio street; down Ohio to West; up West to North Avenue; down North Avenue to Federal; down Federal to Robinson; along Robinson to Anderson; down Anderson to the Bridge; across the Bridge to Canal; up Canal to Liberty; up Liberty to Fifth; down Fifth to Smithfield; down Smithfield to Water; along Water to Wood; up Wood to Fifth; down Fifth to Market; along Market to St. Clair; down St. Clair to Penn; to Penn to the Iron City Park, where there will be a

Flag Presentation,

To the LINCOLN GUARDS, by the Ladies of Allegheny City. Rev J. HOLLIDAY will then tender the presentation speech, on behalf of the Ladies, and Col. R. B. CLARK will respond in behalf of the Company.

Addresses, JUDGE SHANNON, Rev. J. P. LUNDY, Rev. LEVIN GILLESS.

The three talented Colored Orators of Pittsburgh, Messrs. HENRY, HICKS and HIGHLAND GARNETT and W. H. DAY, have been invited and are expected to be present.

Dinner will be served up at 2 o'clock. Refreshment Tables will be provided, at which ice cream and all the other luxuries of the season can be procured at reasonable prices.

A full attendance is desired, as in attendance, and the Committee pledge themselves to get their men to make no day one of unalloyed pleasure, and will not be annoyed.

The Cars of the Citizens Passenger Railway will run at intervals of fifteen minutes during the day. Fare on the Cars for the round trip only SIX CENTS.

The proceeds of the demonstration are to be devoted to the establishment of the "LINCOLN CEMETERY ASSOCIATION," an effort is earnestly urged that the dead will command itself to general patronage.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Washington Riddell, | Barney Mahoney, |
| George Massey, | Thos. C. Hankey, |
| Charles Lewis, | Lemuel Goggins, |
| Warner Washington, | William Garrison, |
| | Edward Bailey |

Tickets of Admission to the Park, 25 cts.

jy31:d4

THE MEMBERSHIP AND CONGREGATION OF BROWN'S A. M. E. CHAPEL, through its Trustees and Pastor, Rev. J. W. DEVENS, appeal to all friends of Christians, in the name of our sovereign Redeemer and Father of all, for help, to enable them to complete their church, now in course of erection, on the corner of Hemlock and Bolivar streets, Allegheny. Favored by the kindness of a few white friends, and the untiring energy of the Methodists, our little Church has been trying to erect another temple to the honor of the Living God, ever since our building was put up, but we regret to say, we have sadly failed of an incendiary.

We would press for the success of all Christians, whether Presbyterians, Baptists, Episcopalians, or others. Those are enough colored people who love Christ and his entire Church to sanction specially devoted to the evangelical worship of their denomination. Christ, Peter or John not alone our aim. We wish to build a church wherein we can worship God according to our own choice, and the light which He has given us.

REV. A. NEALE, who is not of our faith, but is, nevertheless, an earnest worker in the spiritual Kingdom of the Master, will act as agent for us, and while and we have invested him with letters which empower him to solicit the contributions of the wishers.

We also especially announce that a Grand Celebration of the victories of Freedom in this county, will come off at the PARK, in the western part of Allegheny, AUGUST 1st, 1867. Several Military and Civic societies will participate, and a Grand Tournament will be one of the features of the occasion. All the proceeds will be devoted to the payment of our church debt.

PARKER S. REED,
BOOT J. DAVIS,
JOHN B. ROACH,
GEO. WHITE,
MOSES HOWARD,
Chairmen of Committee, &c.

jy31:d4:wsw

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT LEAD PIPE,

Have constantly on hand and make to order,

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Warehouse, 167 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH.

jy31:m6 wks

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THOS. A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, July 27, 1867. } jy29:31:a2:3:6:7

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE LADIES.

Having purchased the entire stock of Millinery Goods of Mrs. E. HOLMES, 54 Fifth street, we will offer the same at prices to suit the times. Call and examine our stock.

MRS. E. HOLMES & CO.,
54 Fifth street.

jy31:w

NOTICE.—Parties wishing BLACKBERRIES,

Can get them daily by leaving their orders at

S. M. YOUNG'S,

jy31:d3t Cor. Ross and Second Sts.

FOR RENT,

*The Large Store Room,*

No. 164 OHIO STREET. Possession given immediately. Counters and Shelvings for sale.

Inquire at No. 100 OHIO STREET,

jy31:d3t Corner West Commons, Allegheny.

CHOICE JAPAN TEA.

10 Half Chests very choice JAPAN UNCOLORED TEA, in pound and half pound papers, put up expressly for family use, and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. BENSHAW,
corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FOR SALE.

*BUILDING LOTS.*

SIX BUILDING LOTS, corner of Duncan and Soho streets—coming. Price low and terms easy.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
No. 102 Fourth street.

jy31:d3

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH AND CONNELSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—FIRST MORTGAGE TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Holders are hereby notified that the Interest Coupons on the above Bonds, due August 1st, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, upon presentation for delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

H. PAGE, Jr.,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 24th, 1867. jy31:d3

ICE FOR SALE.

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

From the head waters of the Conemaugh River, by the car load, delivered in Pittsburgh.

Inquire of H. SWANEY & CO.,
Oil Dealers,
jy31:d3 Cor. of Penn and Hand streets.

FOR SALE—BOILERS.—FOUR SECOND-HANDED BOILERS, 6 inches in diameter, 21 feet long, with two 16 inch flues, two 14 inch steam drums, 18 inches in diameter; stand pipe 11 inches in diameter, No. 3 iron, with dry front grate bars and liners, safety check and blow off valve complete. Enquire of A. M. BARSHILL & CO.,
No. 26 Penn street.

jy31:d3

PERRY BONHAM,

PUMP MAKER,

And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN TUBU LAR, No. 33 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

Special attention given to the manufacture of COG PUMPS. jy31:d3t

PROPOSALS FOR WROUGHT IRON WINDOW GRATINGS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Allegheny, July 26th, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until SATURDAY, August 3d, at 10 o'clock A. M., for furnishing and putting in WROUGHT IRON GRATINGS, on the windows of the Lock-up, City Hall; also, for making and putting up one WROUGHT IRON DOOR, in the rear of the Lock up. A sample of Iron Window Gratings can be seen at the Police office.

R. E. FRANCIS,
jy31:d3t City Controller.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.

OFFICE, N. E. COR. WOOD AND FIFTH STS.

A HOME COMPANY,

TAKING FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| W. Phillips, | Capt. John L. Rhoads, |
| Neal Wade, | Samuel P. Shriver, |
| John E. Parke, | Charles Arbuckle, |
| Wm. Jas. Millar, | John F. Kirkpatrick |
| W. Van Kirk, | Frank B. Blosel, |
| James O. Verner, | C. Hanson Love, |
| | Jno. Flack, President. |
| | JOHN WATT, Vice President. |

W. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
jy31:tf Capt. JAS. SOMDON, Gen'l Agt.

WHITE BAREGE SHAWLS,

White Grenadine Shawls,

FOR SALE BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

jy31

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between O'HARA & ROBINSON is this day dissolved. Persons having claims against the said firm and those indebted to the same, will present their accounts at No. 6 Smithfield street, for the adjustment of the same.

O'HARA & ROBINSON,
M. O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 29, 1867.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase any of the goods, wares, merchandise, or material, belonging to the late firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON, without my individual signature is attached to each and every bill of sale of said goods, wares, merchandise or material, as I will repudiate each and every sale not made in accordance with this notice.

MICHAEL O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 24, 18 67. jy29:d3

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF

GENTS', BOYS', YOUTH'S,

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES,

AND GAITERS,

In great variety, and selling at reasonable price, at

31 FIFTH STREET.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

jy31:tf:mwf

LADIES' ENGLISH LASTING

CONGRESS GAITERS,

AND BALMORALS,

Worth $3, selling at $1.50, at

31 FIFTH STREET.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

jy31:tf:mwf

COMPRESSED

BUNGS.

ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MACHINE CUT CORKS,

Plugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,

ROSIN, ISINGLASS, &c., &c.,

Nos. 122 & 125 Third St., Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN WATCHES.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Fine Gold and Silver Watches,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c.,

At the lowest prices. The public are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Watch repairing promptly attended to, at

W. WILSON'S,
No. 54 FOURTH STREET,
Two doors above Market street. CHATS:WF

BUSINESS MAN'S

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street.

Has a Perpetual Charter.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited ..... $40 00
Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of three months ..... 20 00
Penmanship, per month ..... 8 00

For Circulars or Specimens, address

N. SHAFFER, or
J. F. McCLAYMONDS.

no6:ww

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

*No. 19 Fifth Street,*

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
SUPER ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS.
HAMBURG EDGINGS, new Styles.
FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes.
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shape.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

Of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cotton Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

jy2

DRY GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Black Silks.
Fine Lawns;
Plain and Printed Percales;
Plain and Printed Marseilles;
Checks and Tickings;
Cottonades & Farmers' Linen;
Fine and Heavy Flannels;
Bleached & Brown Shirtings;
Corsets and Hoop Skirts;
Mosquito Netting;
Hosiery and Notions;

AT LOWEST NET PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

*ALLEGHENY CITY.*

☞ Orders promptly filled.

jy2

NEW AND

DESIRABLE GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

Pointed Trimming Ribbons;
Plain Trimming Ribbons, all shades;
Jet and Crystal Gimps and Fringes;
Colored Ball Trimmings;
White Cotton and Ball Fringes;
A full line of Alexandre's Kid Gloves;
Lisle, Oxford, Neapolitan, Silk and Kid Finish Gloves;
Lisle and Cotton Lace Hose;
Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Infants' Hosiery;
Sun Umbrellas and Parasols;
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Lace Goods &c.;
Duplex Reception Skirt;
Corsets, Belting and Buckles;
Palm, Linen and Silk Fans;
Gauze Underwear, for Ladies, Gents and Children;
Bead Collars & Belts, something new;
And a large stock of NOTIONS, of all kinds, at low Prices: Call and examine.

77 and 79 Market Street.

my23:no9

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, FRUITS, Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, re-NUTS, &c. fitted in style. Special attention given to furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKE and FRUIT.

☞ FRESH BREAD morning and evening.

COLGATE & CO.'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK.

e manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. my23:w9

D. R. ECKER,

DEALER IN

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE, STONE HEARTHS, WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS, and WATER PIPES.

Office and Warehouse, 157 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

GREAT SALE OF

DRY GOODS!

Preparatory to auction, beginning on

Monday, July 8th, and Continuing to August 8th,

After which the balance of the Stock (if any,) will be disposed of at

PUBLIC AUCTION!

4-4 SHEETINGS..... 8 cents.
FEET MERRIMAC CALICOS..... 12½ "
TICKINGS..... 10 "
HUCK TOWELS..... 15 "
DARK CORSETS..... 75 "
HOOP SKIRTS..... 90 "
ALPACAS, for Ladies..... 25 "
FANCY DRESS GOODS..... 25 "
FRENCH LAWNS..... 18½ "
WOOL CASSIMERES..... 75 "

MOONEY & BRENNAN,

No. 50 Federal Street.

☞ Bring this with you and compare prices.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!

IS AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

SELLING OUT AT

REDUCED PRICES!

THE STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW,

And cheaper than any in the city.

No. 87 Market Street.

jy13:w90

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W.T. SHANNON. J.G. STEPHENSON

jy26

HATS, CAPS, &c.

STRAW GOODS,

FOR SUMMER SALES.

ALL THE NEW STYLE HATS,

FOR SALE CHEAP, AT

McCORD & CO.'S,

No. 181 Wood Street.

jy3

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM..... OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

In the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as they can be "experienced." Every attention given to retailing, exclusively.

ap27:w58

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. S. BARR. HER. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR.

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

☞ Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. my7

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of

KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS,
HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and
PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,

At BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,

No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

my18

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the Red Lion yard to ST. CHARLES STABLES, opposite the rear of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and skilfully treated, at a moderate charge. Horses of any infectious diseases not admitted; but every attention paid to them at the owner's stable. DR. WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL LINAMENT, as used by all the principal Veterinary Colleges in Europe, will cure all sores, Wind or saddle Galls, Sore shoulder, Sprains or Cuts, and will not injure the hair. It may be had in bottles, at the office.

Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember the address, St. Charles Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel.

je7:no6

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully states that he has opened a HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and East Lane, Allegheny City; also, a TRAINING AND BOARDING STABLE on Hoover street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the former place. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and inspecting horses; and, in the assistance of Mr. A. CHILDS, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of East Lane and Liberty st., Allegheny,) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: P. L. Palmer, J. C. Smith, Wm. M. Bissell, John Kirker, M.D., D. M. Evans. jy24:s29

LIVERY STABLES.

THOMAS MORELAND..... DANIEL L. MITCHELL

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearses and Carriages for funerals.

Horses kept at livery. my2:y6

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES. Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates. Kept constantly on hand, CARSON STREET, between Ormsby and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Hearses for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my23:y56

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed,

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my13:s28

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY..... PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

The LARGEST and MOST PRACTICAL ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Checques, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 78 and 74 Third st., Pittsburgh. ap24:no

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 50 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap24:no58

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

43 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipe Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my23:w9

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c,

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

jy6:w98



The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY MORNING.


### Doing Business on the Street.

The Courts have repeatedly held that the public are entitled to the free and unobstructed use of the streets from house to house, and therefore anything that tends to obstruct our thoroughfares can properly be regarded as a nuisance. Allowance should be made for temporary appropriation of the sidewalks by merchants or other tradesmen, in the transaction of their business, and comparatively slight obstructions may be passed over. But so little attention have our authorities paid towards the encroachments of grocery keepers, furniture dealers, &c., that many of them have come to think they have a legitimate right to at least one-half of the sidewalk for the exposition and sale of their goods. Pass by one of our large grocery or furniture stores, for instance, and notice the proportion of the sidewalk occupied. Stop a moment, look inside and outside, and you will conclude that if the proprietor kept inside his store the goods exposed outside, he would have his place so filled that business could not be conveniently transacted. So of necessity, according to the custom, he devotes to the private use the sidewalk designed exclusively for public convenience. This is the custom throughout the city, and so long has it been permitted that it is considered lawful. And thus by being permitted to do a share of their business outside, dealers are content with small establishments, of sufficient capacity to hold their stock, with crowding, the inconvenience of insufficient room being counterbalanced in their use of the side walk, during business hours, for the exposition or storage of the portion of goods which crowd the store proper. In their gross policy these dealers generally allow sufficient space for a single person to pass at a time, and in many instances, not content with occupying four or five feet in space next the buildings, line the curb with wood and barrels, so that the pedestrian must run the gauntlet, and the fair sex are required to look both ways at once in order to protect their crinoline from damage.

The other day we noted an instance of the total indifference of some of those who thus encroach upon the sidewalks, and the rights of the public, at the annoyance which results. A lady in passing caught her skirts on a projection from a box, rendering it necessary for her to stop and release herself. She made a remark, indicating that she was somewhat provoked, and then passed on. Two men, proprietors, or at least employes at the store, were standing near, and exhibited pleasure at the occurrence, one remarking "she don't seem to like that much." Instead of removing the box, or at least the projection which caught the lady's dress, it was permitted to remain, the men, perhaps, also remaining in their position to observe a like misfortune happen the next lady who passed. This circumstance transpired near the corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

The obstructions to our sidewalks in the way of signs, awnings, pea-nut and apple stands, was never indulged in to greater extent than at present, without even a show of interference on the part of the proper authority to enforce the ordinances, and from these, as well as from the more formidable obstructions noted, the general public suffer apparently incomplainingly, perhaps hoping that in the future a more efficient municipal government may remedy the existing inconveniences.

### Saturn and His Rings.

An exchange says: Persons who are accustomed gazing after eleven o'clock at night, may observe a bright "Particular star," of more than ordinary magnitude, in the southern sky, following, apparently, in the path of the moon. The star in question, which shines out with a pale yellow hue, is the planet Saturn, which now presents a more than ordinary interesting phase, from the fact that the flattened sides of the rings are turned towards the earth. The rings of Saturn are now peculiarly favorable for observation, because the flat sides are turned towards us, a condition which does not occur more than once in a number of years. The rings intersect the elliptic in two opposite points, called the nodes. These points are in longitude 180 degrees, and 360 degrees. When, therefore, Saturn is in either of these points his rings will be invisible to us. On the contrary, when his longitude is 80 degrees or 200 degrees, the rings will be seen to the greatest advantage. As the edges of the rings will present themselves to the sun twice in each revolution of the planet, it is obvious that their disappearance will occur once in about fifteen years, subject, however, to the variation dependent on the position of the earth at that time. The distance between Saturn and his inner ring is 21,000 miles, being less than a tenth part of the distance of our moon from the earth; the breadth of the inner ring is 20,000 miles. The object of the rings is to reflect light on the planet, for which it is presumed no tax is paid by the Saturnites.

### The Tax Laws.

The Commissioners to revise and digest the tax laws of the State have commenced their labors, and for the purpose of facilitating the work have issued the following circular:

*To the County Commissioners and County Treasurer of ——county:*

Please forward by mail, at your earliest convenience, to F. Jordan, Secretary of State, Harrisburg, such information as you can give on the following subjects:

*First.* Report what systems for the assessment and collection of taxes for State, county, poor, and road purposes are in force in your county, and give the dates of the respective laws on which said systems are based.

*Second.* Do existing laws on these subjects operate justly and satisfactorily? If not, state what amendment or changes, in your opinion, are needed to remedy the evils or defects in the present systems, giving briefly your reasons therefor.

Most respectfully your obedient servants,

J. F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General,
F. JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
WM. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.

Commissioners to revise and digest the tax laws of the State.

### Died from the Effects.

The girl Mushrush, outraged by four villains in the vicinity of sewickly some months ago, died last week from the sickness, as we understand, produced by the treatment which she received, her remains having been interred on Sunday. If this were the case, it would seem strange that the Coroner was not notified in order that he might have held an inquest, to determine at least whether there was probable cause for the belief that death resulted from the violence received at the hands of the ruffians. We apprehend, however, that it would be impossible to establish the fact directly. The man Lorrimore, one of the alleged assailants, was arrested and confined in jail for a considerable time, but he is now under bail.

### Suicide of a Pittsburgher.

A Chicago paper states that about two weeks since a young man came to that city from Pittsburgh, rented a room on Randolph street for one week, and promised to pay the rent at the end of that time. When the time came, he asked for a delay of two or three days, and it was granted him. On Saturday afternoon last, the lady of the house entered the room occupied by Wagner, for the purpose of cleaning it, and found him lying dead on the floor. His body was somewhat swollen, and blood was flowing from his mouth. It was evident he had poisoned himself, but no medical examination was made. It had been noticed for some days that he was very despondent, and he complained of not being able to find employment. He promised to pay the rent as soon as he did.

### When Will It Be Done?

An ordinance has passed the Councils authorizing the curbing and paving of Second street in the Eighth ward, from the termination of the present paving to the Birmingham bridge, but as yet we observe no signs of this very much needed improvement being commenced, and as the work will be pretty heavy, requiring considerable change of the embankment on both sides, it is desired to accomplish it this season, there should be some tangible efforts making to that end. As there is a vast amount of hauling over this piece, we think it would be a good idea to make a trial there of the Nicolson pavement, concerning which the Street Committee of Councils gave us some light on Monday evening.

### Cheap Ice Pitchers.

The following simple mode of keeping ice water for a long time in a common pitcher, is worth knowing:

Place between two sheets of paper (newspaper will answer, thick brown is better) a layer of cotton batting, about half an inch in thickness, fasten the ends of paper and batting together, forming a circle, then sew or paste a broad cover over one end, and then box the shape of a stove pipe hat minus the rim. Place this over an ordinary pitcher filled with ice-water, making it deep enough to rest on the table, so as to exclude the air—and the reader will be astonished at the length of time his ice will keep, and the water remain cold after the ice is melted.

### The Minstrels.

The Opera House was the centre of attraction last night, and we suppose will continue to be during the stay of Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrels. This excellent troupe gave their first entertainment last evening to a large audience, and from the immense applause with which every performance was greeted, it is evident that they rendered entire satisfaction. The music, both vocal and instrumental, is excellent, and their witticisms, jokes, and burlesque on the "Japs," are of a purely original character. They will remain in the city for one week only, and persons desiring to hear them should secure seats, for the house will be full every night.

**Requests.**—The following may be of interest to the ladies: When you receive a bouquet sprinkle it lightly with fresh water; then put it in a vessel containing soap suds; this will effectually check the stem and keep the flowers as bright as new. Take the bouquet out of the suds every morning and lay it sideways in the stock, cutting first into clean water. Keep it there a minute or two, then take it out and sprinkle the flowers lightly by the hand with water; replace it in the soap suds and it will bloom as fresh as when first gathered. The soap suds need changing every three or four days. By observing these rules a bouquet may be kept bright and beautiful for at least a month, and will last still longer in a very humble state, but attention of the fair creatures, as directed above, must be observed, or all will perish.

**Here** is a receipt for making ginger beer, a very wholesome and refreshing summer beverage. Put two gallons of cold water into a pot upon the fire, and two ounces of good ginger, bruised, and two pounds of white or brown sugar. Let this come to a boil, and continue boiling for about half an hour. Then skim the liquor and pour it into a jar or tub, along with one sliced lemon and half an ounce of cream of tartar. When nearly cold, put in a teaspoonful of yeast, to cause the liquor to work. The beer is now made; and after it has worked for two days, strain it and bottle it for use. Tie down the corks firmly.

**Aged.**—Jane Buehler, a colored woman of Pottsville, is 106 years of age, and up to a very recent period has preserved her faculties in a surprising manner. Her eyesight is now failing, and she has been compelled to give up work in consequence. She has for many years been a worthy member of the Methodist Church.

**Bridge Repairs.**—In noticing that repairs were being made to the Monongahela Suspension bridge, we omitted to say that the piers were being strengthened, the worn out stone renewed, and a sheeting of iron placed on some of them.

### United States District Court.

Before Hon. Wilson McCandless.

DISTILLERY SEIZURES.

In this Court, yesterday, decrees were issued ordering the sale of thirty-six barrels of whiskey owned by Jessie B. Rankin, of Montgomery Station, Lycoming county, and the distillery of Hugh McFadden, in Armstrong county, seized for violation of Internal Revenue law.

BANKRUPTCY MATTERS.

An error occurred in the list of petitions for adjudication in bankruptcy, published yesterday. James Connor, of Pittsburgh, James Tarvey, of Greensburg, and Hopkins & Leasear, of Pittsburgh, were represented as filing petitions for their own benefit, while in fact they appeared as counsel for other parties. The first named gentleman, Mr. Connor, filed a petition against E. E. Yoke, Mr. James Tarvey acted as attorney and filed a petition for John C. Moorhead, of Westmoreland county, and Messrs. Hopkins & Lazear performed similar service for Edward Segar, of Lawrenceville, Allegheny county.

The petition of Michael Kearns, of Pittsburgh, was filed yesterday by Messrs. Hopkins & Lazear as attorneys.

☞ Additional Local Matters on First Page.


MERCHANT TAILORS.

JULY REDUCTION!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOYS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING,

AT REDUCED PRICES!

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh8:no87

THIRD ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER GOODS,

AT

E. HOUSTON & CO.'S,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

AND DEALERS IN

Men and Boys' Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

No. 107 Fifth St.,

CORNER OF CHERRY ALLEY.

All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS.

Prices very reasonable and to suit the times.

E. J. McGRAITY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

S. W. corner DIAMOND and OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

A large assortment of Furnishing Goods always on hand.

A first class cutter will attend to custom work. ja31:no

HENRY CAPPELL, Merchant TAILOR, and dealer in

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

142 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Three door below Sixth. PITTSBURGH, PA.

All the latest Spring and Summer styles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings on hand, and made up in the most fashionable style, at the lowest prices. my10:no

EATING, ICE CREAM, &c.

HERBST ORDINARY,

DINING, LUNCH, COFFEE

AND ICE CREAM ROOMS,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

No. 64 Fourth St.

☞ Our MORNING LUNCHES served daily, from 9 to 11 A. M. DINNER served in order, 2½ o'clock, daily—$5.00 for twelve, or 50 cents Single Dinner.

Particular attention given to the wants of ladies and gentlemen desiring a comfortable meal. The attachment of a good table to any of the luxuries of the season, also, to the furnishing families parties from their own residences or elsewhere, with the best of

WEDDING, POUND AND SPONGE CAKES

With the richest assortment of Basket and Fancy Cake, Cream and Water Ices, Meringue Glace, Nougat, Charlotte de Russe, Jellies, Mange, Blitoes, Ornamental Pyramids, Game, Stewed Turkey, Coffee, Chocolate, etc.

Waiters and Music furnished at private and public parties.

China, Silverware, Cutlery, Glassware and Table Linen for hire. ja24:no

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

*No. 36 Market St.,*

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

☞ The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. je21:n72

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 99 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Jarrett's Medical Office, ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, BUTTER SCOTCH, CANDIES, &c.

☞ Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. jy15:n

NEW STORE.

H. W. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON, and

CANDY ORDINARY,

2309 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Sewickly and Liberty. my23:no9


DISSOLVED.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of HAMILTON & McKEE, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 17th inst. The business of the firm will be settled by JAS. K. HAMILTON, Jr. In retiring from said firm I earnestly request my friends and patrons to continue their patronage in favor of my late partner.

D. W. McKEE.

Pittsburgh, July 27, 1867.


J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy23:n59

JOHN RONEY,

HECLA FOUNDRY,

Carson St., 9th Ward, near A. V. R. R.

MANUFACTURER OF

Hammer Dies, Steel Moulds,

Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally.

JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed. jy24

A. YOUNG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND

Commission Merchants in

FLOUR, FEED,

AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

No. 555 Penn St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my29:s

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

L. D. SMITH..... A. S. SEATON..... G. G. SEATON.

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

Local Collecting Agents,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR,

P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected. je21:n5

TIN GUTTER AND SPOUTING,

On hand and put up to order.

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

Made to order, at

GRAFTON'S

House Furnishing Store,

No. 66 Federal Street,

Near Railroad Depot, Allegheny City. Sign of the "Union Coffee Pot." ap18:w75w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ HELMBOLD'S

*Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla*

Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN,

Which to disfigure the appearance, PURIFIES the very fountains of movement and renovates all causes, the true origin of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLE SPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to a gallon of the strong decoction or tea of the Sarsaparilla as usually boiled.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on hot climates, by Dr. Addison Thayer, of S. S., &c. Speaking of Ohio diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that we recently "exposed in the Extract of Sarsaparilla, a remedy which has effected, more than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a blood purifier, and affords, that if it is applicable to a state of the system so various, and yet so irritable as renders other treatment of the most easy management and prompt success."

HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 15 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists. apl8:nwy

☞ HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, limits the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that cause disease. apl8:nwy

☞ WM. HARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breechings, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Engine Pans, Sole Agents for the State of HARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. jy23:n

☞ A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. apl8:nwy

AND PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

☞ NOT A FEW of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruptions of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value. apl8:nwy

☞ DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC,

The Great American Diuretic!

Affords immediate relief and effects permanent cures of all Urinary and Private Diseases in male and female, in shorter time than any remedy ever discovered. Price $1.50 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

JOHN D. PARK, Gen'l Agent,

Ap25:n52-nwy CINCINNATI, O.

☞ IN THE SPRING AND SUMMER MONTHS, the BLOOD undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the first rank. ap18:nwy

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Bracketts and Bolt Copper, Planished Copper, Bottoms, Nailed Sheet Copper, Spike, Nail and Composition Rods, Bolts, Boiler Solder, Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, Canvas, Oakum and Tinners' Machine Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:nwy

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Success ors to ROBINSON, MUSIC & MILLER,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12 corner First and Smithfield sts. ja21:n66

☞ YOUNG LADIES, BEWARE of the infamous effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such frauds come up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. Nothing else will do it. apl8:nwy

☞ SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. E. SCHMERTZ,
my14:n58 No. 34 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞ THOSE WHO desire BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and cleanse the blood, which can be effected by CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. Prepared only by HELMBOLD'S. Depot No 594 Broadway, N. Y. apl8:nwy

☞ QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

*NO. 218 PEAL STREET,*

my23:n58 PITTSBURGH.

☞ QUANTITY vs. QUALITY. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire a large quantity and large dose ERR. apl8:nwy

☞ TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY! WHY NOT? Among Resolutions for Young Men, Dr Ensign of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Sufferings resulting from the Secret Habits of Solitary Vice, in the first page of man. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. ENSIGN, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my7:nwy

☞ GRAY'S GYMNASIUM,

No. 7 FOURTH STREET,

Daily exercises for ladies and gentlemen, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Vocal Music from 7 to 8 P. M. Private Lessons, $5 for 12 lessons. Class of 12 lessons, $3. Miss LE ROY, of Boston. my23:n59

☞ HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Great Blood Purifier. apl8:nwy

MORRISON, BARR & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

BOOK AND PRINT PAPER,

Orders promptly filled,

Address, SPANG'S MILLS,
Blair County, Penna.

☞ Highest cash price paid for rags.

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 81 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Soda Safes, Water Coolers, Stop Cocks, and a full line of Household Hardware goods. Also, manufacturers of SHERMAN'S STEAM COOKER and VENTILATED OVEN, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. jy23:n59

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isaac Jones, Pioneer, Glendon, Glendon and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant & C. S. Charcoal Pig Iron.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy24:n61

NOTICE.

W. J. MYERS,

(OF MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,)

Having sold his interest to WM. S. WILT, on April 1st, 1867, retires from the firm, and Mr. WILT caters as a partner from that date. The name of the firm will remain as usual, and continue on at their old stand,

No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

Scrap Iron, Light Iron,

CAST AND WROUGHT IRON,

ROPE, &c.

Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

THE QUEEN OF THE WASHTUB.—The State Right for Maryland, with privilege of manufacture of a

PATENT WASHING FLUID,

Which, wherever introduced, has met with universal success, will be sold on reasonable terms.

J. K. HAMILTON,
jy19:n123 133 Third street.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES.

At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER,

No. 18 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

je28:n9

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by either of the partners.

GEORGE GRAY,
POST, LEDIELL.

Per T. H. Hamilton & Co., the Attorneys.

June 10th, 1867—jy24:n3

JUST RECEIVED AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 81 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, Soda Safes, Water Coolers, Stop Cocks, and a full line of Household Hardware goods. Also, manufacturers of SHERMAN'S STEAM COOKER and VENTILATED OVEN, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. jy23:n59

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Having sold his interest to WM. S. WILT, on April 1st, 1867, retires from the firm, and Mr. WILT caters as a partner from that date. The name of the firm will remain as usual, and continue on at their old stand,

No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

JAMES B. JONES,

DEALER IN

Scrap Iron, Light Iron,

CAST AND WROUGHT IRON,

ROPE, &c.

Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

THE QUEEN OF THE WASHTUB.—The State Right for Maryland, with privilege of manufacture of a

PATENT WASHING FLUID,

Which, wherever introduced, has met with universal success, will be sold on reasonable terms.

J. K. HAMILTON,
jy19:n123 133 Third street.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES.

At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER,

No. 18 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

je28:n9

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by either of the partners.

**PH. R. MERTZ,**

**BANKER AND BROKER,**

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

**Government Securities,**

**Gold, Silver,**

**And Coupons,**

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

**JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,**

Bankers,

**Corner Fourth & Wood Streets,**

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Are now converting into the

**NEW 5-20'S GOLD BOND OF 1867,**

All other issues, including all series of 7-30's, 6's of 1881, 5-20's of 1865, 5-20's of 1865 and Compound Interest Notes.

**TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.**

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865,

**Bonds on Hand for Delivery.**

**IRA B. McVAY & CO.,**

**Bankers,**

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

**7-30 BONDS**

CONVERTED INTO

**5-20 BONDS, 1865,**

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

**ROBINSON BROS.,**

**No. 35 FOURTH STREET.**



The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 30, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 140; Eighty-one bonds, 114¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 110¼; Five Twenties, 1864 109¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 109¾; Consols, 93¾; Seven Thirties, 107¾@107¾; Ten Forties, 103¾. Stocks— Erie Railroad, 75¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 94; Chicago and Rock Island, 110¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 49¾; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 71½; Fort Wayne Railroad, 106¾; Michigan South'n Railroad, 81½; New York Central, 107½; Reading, 106¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 47¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,05; Quartz Hill, 2,05; Gregory, 6,05; Smith & Parmalee, 6,00; Quicksilver, 34½.

Gold is lower under the impression that the Government is selling part of its surplus, and the news from Europe is more favorable. Our bonds maintain the former quotations, whilst the European securities have declined at a moment.

Closing New York quotations received by **James T. Brady & Co.:**

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. Sixes, 1881 | 110¾ |
| " 5-20s, 1862 | 111¾ |
| " " 1864 | 109¾ |
| " " 1865 | 110¾ |
| " " 1867 | 108¾ |
| " 10-40s | 102 |
| " Consols | 107¾ |
| August 7-30s | 107¾ |
| June 7-30s | 107¾ |
| July 7-30s | 107¾ |
| Dec. Compounds, 1864 | 117¾ |
| Gold | 140¾ |
| Silver | 134¾ |

—The following stocks were sold on Tuesday evening, July 30th, on the second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by **A. McIlwaine;** Auctioneer:

| | |
|---|---|
| Exchange National Bank | $65 50 |
| Allegh'y | 50 00 |
| Bank of Pittsburgh | 61 00 |
| Allegheny Suspension Bridge | 43 50 |
| Western Telegraph Company | 39 00 |

—The abundance of money at all the trade centres on the Atlantic seaboard is almost without a precedent, and currency is still flowing westward. The Government has yet to disburse a large amount of money during July and August in redemption of compound notes, which will tend to keep the market easy.

—The excitement in stock circles continues, and there is no abatement of confidence among inexperienced operators that prices are soon to rule much higher. This view of the case is strengthened by the great ease in money, and the boldness with which it is used by the cliques now controlling the street, but the present calm will end, as all these successes have done, in ruin to those who are in the heel of the fight. At present the Stock Exchange is the active use of the capital, which, at an early day, will be required by market crops, and all looks fair. This pleasant prospect is liable to sudden reversal, and this fact should not be forgotten by the crowds which throng the exchange eager for profits and willing to take desperate risks, but unable to respond to very m derate losses. The high price of new wheat is bringing it to market sooner than usual. Farmers are threshing in the field, and hurrying their grain along, and the Western money m rket is already feeling the premonitory symptoms of an increased demand for money.—*New York Tribune.*

—The week closes on a very dull money market. The offerings of first-class names are very light, and some of the institutions find a difficulty in placing their balances. Money is very easy, and we hear of all date, "gilt edge" paper being done at 7@8 per cent. The general bank rate on miscellaneous collaterals is 10 per cent. The mercantile trade of the city is very dull. The farmers are busy harvesting, and there is no disposition to enter into any engagements, until the issue of the month's harvest be secured beyond the possibility of inquiry. On the street there is very little paper offering, and the nominal rate is 1@1½ per cent. per month.—*Chicago Tribune.*

**ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.**

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 30, 1867.

CATTLE.

There was an unusually large supply of cattle on sale this week, the whole number being estimated in round numbers at fifteen hundred head, and with only a moderate demand, and but few eastern buyers in attendance, the market was a hard one, and a large number were left over unsold. Prime cattle, such as our best butchers are in the habit of buying, were not very plenty, and brought relatively better prices than the commoner grades, say from 7½ @8. There was a very large number of light cows, heifers and rough steers and stags, including one small drove all the way from Texas. Stock cattle sold from 5@6 for good to prime, and 4@4½ for inferior. There were quite a number of "outsiders" in with cattle this week, and the way that run up the number, and the regular dealers for once, at least, did not have it all their own way.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Hazlewood & Co. retailed 38 head of good to prime Illinois steers at 7@8. Chas. Shomaker sold L. Shamberg 18 head of fairish Ohio steers at 5½ per head. Kerwin sold for Isaac Anderson 20 head of cows, heifers and steers at 5¼@7. Glass & Lafferty wholesaled 49 head of small stock steers for Wiseli, at 6, and 18 head of medium cattle for Hdnson, to M. Verner, at 6¼. The same firm retailed 57 head for C. French at 4@7; 35 head for Welsh at 6¼ @7¾, and 78 head left over. Kent sold J. H Glass 20 head bulls at 4¼. Fetter & Getz had 102 head—sold 6 head, and drove balance to East Liberty. Whittlesy sold 18 head of Western Reserve stock to Greenwald & Kahn at 6@6¼, and threw on one bull. Sargeant sold Moses 20 head of fairish steers, averaging about 1000, at 5,80. Ewing & Bro. sold 1 car load at 5@8 per head. P. Klemen bought 44 head of fair stock steers, averaging 831, at 6. McAllister, 20 head of small steers, averaging 800, at 6@6¼, and 18 head of rough Texas steers at 5,60@6,25. N. Carr sold 22 head of cows and heifers at 4½@6¾. Myers & Neely retailed 18 head, and shipped 48 head to New York. L. Rothchilds 25 head at 6¼@8. Rothchilds & Byers 24 head at 6,50@8. J. Shamberg 24 head at 6,20@7,85. M. Verner 21 head at 6¼ @7. Haulin 17 head at 6,10@7,50. P. Hartman 36 head at 5½@8. Katz & Bro. 16 head at 5,50 @5,50. Stakely sold 12 bulls to Rothchilds & Co. at 5. Kraus & Haas retailed 42 head; Greenwald & Kahn, 70; Marks & Trauman 78, at prices ranging from about 6@8.

SHEEP.

The supply of Sheep was not as large as that of last week, though, apparently about equal to the demand, which continues light. Prime to choice fat mutton Sheep may be quoted at 6@6½ gross, and common to fair 4@5¼. Owiatt wholesaled 160 head at $1,75 per head, threw two in. Emerick sold "Boss" Ackley 27 head of good Sheep, weighing 2750, at 5, and Arnold & Lobeman sold 22 head at 5,07½. Lambs remain about as last quoted.

HOGS

The market is quiet but steady, and prices although unchanged, are maintained. We continue to quote at 7@7¼, in a retail way, for fair to prime heavy averages.

**New York Dry Goods Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30.—Dry goods a little more animated and prices rule firmly for all stable cottons of white; better grades of domestics and foreign woolens have a hardening tendency. Stable silks scarce and firm; white fancy silks less called for but held with much more confidence. Domestic prints steady and in moderate request at 16c for Merrimac W; fancy 15c for do. D; Pacific and Spragues, 15c. Rye Canvas 15c for American, Dunnels and Lancaster; 14c for Amoskeag and Ocean; 12½c for Freemans and Arnolds. New styles of Delaines more called for at 23c nett standard. Unbleached sheeting steady and in moderate request. Shirting in moderate demand at previous prices. Fine light goods in light supply and firm.

**Baltimore Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 30.—Flour firmer. Wheat receipts light, white $2,30@2,60; red $2,10@ 2,50; medium grades fully 5c better. Corn scarce; mixed western $1,08@1,10. Oats new scarce; inlked western 80@85; new 62@72. Rye; sales prime at $1,45. Provisions firm with more inquiry; prices unchanged. Whisky dull. No sales.

**Philadelphia Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Flour dull; extra State, $12,25; spring extras, $12,15. Wheat dull; new red, $2,25@2,31; white, $2,75. Rye declining at $1,15. Corn scarce; mixed Western, $1 12½. Oats steady at 93c. Provisions unchanged. Whiskey nominal.

**Financial Matters in New York.**

**Gold Closed at 139¾.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 30, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money market easy and steady, at 4@5 per cent. on call. Sterling quiet, at 110@ 110¾ for first-class bills. Gold a shade lower, opening at 140¾, closing at 139¾.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks quiet and without material change. Closing quotations: Coupons, 81, 110¾@do. 82, 111¼@do.'84, 109¾; do. 85, 109¾; do. 10 January and July, 108¼@do. '67, 108¾; 10 40 Coupons, 102¾; 7-30s, 107¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks opened quiet and lower, and closed firm with an advance.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following are the closing prices: Ohio Certificates, 28¾; Canton, 51@51¼; Cumberland, 39¾@39¾; Quicksilver, 35¾@34; Maripesa, 9¼@10¼; Western Union Telegraph, 47¾; New York Central, 108¾; Erie, 76¼@76¾; Hudson, 120¼@122; Reading, 107¾; Michigan Central, 110¾@110¾; Michigan Southern, 82¼; Illinois Central, 118¼@119; Pittsburgh, 94¾; Toledo, 124; Rock Island, 102¾; Northwestern, 50¾; preferred, 72¼; Fort Wayne, 106¾; Wabash, 501 St. Paul preferred, 65¾; New Tennessee 68, 65¾; North Carolina, 57¾@58; Wells, Fargo & Co., 71¼@72, Adams, 72¼@ 74¼; American, 73@73¼; United States, 75¼; Merchants Union, 14½@15.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares are firm; Columbia, 1,10; Corydon, 1,00; Nye Gold, 1,25; El Dorado, Smith & Parmlee, 5,30; Sennederfer, 15; Davidson Copper, 2,00; Quartz Hill, 2,05; Gregory, 6,35; New York and Allegheny Petroleum, 3,50; Central do, 1,00; Buchanan Farm, 2,25.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $2,367,092; payments, $710,605; balance, $131,725,798.

**Buffalo Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, July 30.—Flour quiet; sales 700 bbls spring at $10,25@10,50; white western $13 @13,50; new white Kentucky $18. Rye Flour scarce at $7,25. Wheat; sales 2,200 bush new amber Ohio at $2,20 delivered, 1 car new amber Kentucky $2,20, and 1 car new white do $2,25. Corn in good demand, closing firm; sales 4,000 bush inferior rejected western blown at 85c, 24,000 bush No 2 western at 91c, 32,000 bush do at 90c, 20,000 do to arrive at 90c afloat, and 15,000 bush white do at 97@98c; also, at the close sales 8,000 bush No 2 western at 91c. Oats nominal at 86c for western. Mess Pork nominal at $21 for heavy, and $23 for light. Lard 15@15½c. Highwines nominal. Receipts—wheat, 25,000 bush; corn, 53,000 bush; barley, 7,000 bush; flour, 1,700 bbls. Shipments—corn, 2,000 bush.

**St. Louis Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—Tobacco less active and unchanged. Hemp steady and unchanged. Flour dull and lower; extra at $8,50@9,25; double extra at $9@12; choice and fancy at $12,50@13,50. Wheat stiffer but not quotably changed; prime fall at $1,35@ 2; choice at $2,02@2,08; fancy at $2,10@2,12. Corn heavy at $1,01@1,05 for prime white; 97@98c for yellow, and 85@86c for mixed. Oats firmer, at 51@52c for old, and 75@80c for new. Barley at $1,50 for new; nominal at $1,75@2 for choice. Rye easier, at $1,25@1,30. Pork declined to $21,50. Bacon dull and heavy, at 12½@16c, the former at buyers option next week; 12c for shoulders, 15½ for clear sides, and 15½ for sugar cured hams. Lard firm at 12@13c. Receipts: flour 3,000 bbls; wheat, 5,000; corn, 9,000; oats 5,000; rye 500; barley, 4,000. Weather cool and pleasant.

**Louisville Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 30.—Tobacco is firmer; sales 250 hhds; logs, at $5,25@5; common to medium leaf, at $6@7; selections, at $7@ 8 25; choice cutting leaf, at $9,50. Flour, at $7@7,50 for superfine, and $11 for No. 1. Wheat, at $1,75. Corn, at 85c for car lots in bulk and $1,05@1,07 for shelled white delivered. Oats, at 50@60c for new in bulk, and 85c for old. Mess Pork, $24,50. Bacon, shoulders, at 13c; clear sides, at 16@c; fancy hams, at 20@c, all packed. Lard, at 15c in tierces. Whisky, at $1,01 for raw in bond.

**New Orleans Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 30.—Cotton firm; low middling for sales 1,000 bales; receipts for three days 364 bales; exports for the same time, 1168 bales. Sugar and molasses unchanged. Flour dull and unchanged. Corn dull and declined 3 to 5c. Oats $1,15. Pork quiet and firm, at $28, holders asking $29,25. Bacon in demand and higher; sales of 200,000 lbs sugar cured hams, 14½@15c; clear sides, 15½@ 16c sugar cured hams. Lard quiet; keg 14½c; tierce 13½c. Gold 140. Sterling exchange, 55@60. New York sight ½@¾ discount.

**Cambridge Cattle Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE, July 30.—Beef cattle—receipts 703 head; sales of extra at $12,75@13 50; first quality $11,50@12,50; second do, $10,50@11,00; third do, $9,50@10,00. Sheep and Lambs—receipts 6674 head; market opened at an advance of 50c, but prices soon after receded; sales at 3½@6c, per pound; spring lambs $2,50@3,75. Veal calves at $4@12,00.

**Milwaukee Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, July 30.—Flour dull; city XX, $9@9,50; country, $8@8,50. Corn dull at $829,50. Wheat weak, at $1,80 for No. 2; $1,90 for No. 3; $1,20 for rejected. Oats unsettled at 45@48c. Rye dull at $1,30@1,40. Barley dull at 80@90c for No. 1. Receipts—300 bbls flour, 11,000 bu wheat, 1000 bu oats, 300 bu corn. Shipments—700 bbls flour, 400 bu oats.

**Chicago Cattle Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 30.—Beef cattle are nominal. Hogs active at $6,50@6,70 for fair to choice. Hogs active at $6,50@6,80 for good to choice. Sheep dull at $4,25.

**IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.**

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 30.—25 bxs starch, D Hawerth; 12 do do, Kirkpatrick, Bryan & Co; 10 do do, W H Brown; 10 do do do, G A Kelly; 6 do do, 4 crates J C Lippincott; 5 crates, 10 bxs do, J H Lippincott; 20 do do, Mosley & Bro; 20 do do, Schoonmaker & Co; 10 do do, Painter, Reymer & Bro; 20 do do, M W Rankin; 10 do do, 2 bbls eggs, R Riddle; 10 bxs starch, Schoonmaker & Co; 10 do do, Kirkpatrick, Bryan & Co; 10 do do, Watt & Wilson; 20 bdls spokes, M Nicholson & Co; 600 bbls bone, Park, Bro & Co; 450 sks malt, Carson, Darlington & Co; 4 cars iron, Shoenberger & Bair; 2 do do, Bryan & Campbell; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 300 bbls salt, McElroy & Harris—8 sks, 194 do do, J R Weddle; 141 sks oats, 50 do corn, W J Meek; 1 bbl eggs, 1 kg lard, 1 do butter, 1 do tallow, 1 do hides, 1 do skins, 5 bbls onions, 1 do eggs, Voigt & Co; 25 sks corn, J McAlpin; 2½ bbls oil, McKenna & Rogers; 1 bbl do, do; 6 do do, J Geo Gaugher; 120 do do, Andeson Oil Co; 35 sks oats, McKane & Anjer; 15 do do, 10 sks & 1 firkin do sks corn, J Bevan; 10 bbls apples, 5 do do, W F Bond & Bro; 1 car wheat, J S Li get & Co; 60 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 50 bbls oil, H Chase.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R., July 30.—2 pkgs rags, Loomis & Collard; 15 do do, Minick & Co; 15 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 4 do do, J Wood, Son & Co; 20 bbls flour, Richards & Co; 100 do do, Watt & Wilson; 10 do do, Meanor & Harper; 1 car bran, Bricker & Co; 10 bdls acrotol, J F Schoonmaker & Co; 2 pkgs tobacco, J S Duworth & Co; 10 sks oats, 2 bbls eggs, S B Floyd & Co; 17 sks oats, Arbuckles & Co; 1 bbl tobacco, Graff & Bender; 3 bbls whisky, H Riddle; 4 do do, W J Steel & Bro; 1 bx fish, Newcomer, Jose & Co; 3 casks scrap iron, S M Clarke & Co; 1 bbl whisky, Hay & Bro; 2 bbls cheese, N J Braden; 80 pcs sheet iron, J M Bush; 2 bbls flour, F C Jenkins; 481 bush wheat, J Knodler, for whisky, 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 car oats, Stewart & Bro; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 car corn, Stewart & Bro; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 do do, J Meek; 5 do staves, C C Smith; 2 do do, T Merlie; 1 car wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 car barley, Fairley; 109 bbls flour, Seahmyer & Voskamp; 4 bales wool, M B & J H Fullerton.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 29.—1 car lumber, Pittsburgh & Connellsville Works; 1 car old iron, Aladdin Oil Co; 1 car oil bbls, Liberty Oil Co; 1 car oil bbls, Enterprise Oil Co; 1 car oil bbls, Works; 4 do do, Enterprise Oil Co; 1 car oil bbls, Aladdin Oil Co; 1 car oil bbls, 61 do do, 118 do corn, Scott & Gisel; 98 bales wool, Seal & Grundy; 81 do do do, 12 pkgs butter, S B Copeland; 100 sks oats, Monongahela House.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 30—4 cars staves, Raiya & Robertson; 1 do do, J Logan; 10 cords washboards, Segnaiger & Vosmaig; 1 car lumber, Hemphill, Bell & Co; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 car lumber, J McBriar; 1 car shingles, C O Bigley; 1 car lumber, Bell & Co; 1 car corn, R Knox & Son; 63 bales cotton, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 25 do do, A H Childs & Co.


**TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.**

The largest assortment of

**GRATES, all Sizes;**

**Cooking Ranges & Stoves,**

Of the VERY BEST QUALITY, for sale at

**VERY LOW PRICES, BY**

**BISSELL & CO.,**

jy27:10 No. 23 LIBERTY ST.

**WM. MARDORF & CO.,**

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

**BROOMS,**

Broom Brush and Broom Findings,

Factory and Warehouse, in the rear of Schomaker & Lang's,

**Nos. 172 and 174 Wood St., Pittsburgh.**

apl0:27

**IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS!**

**FRANCE'S TEA MART,**

**No. 15 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH,**

You can buy the finest quality of TEAS, at the price of any sold in the city. Also,

***Sugars, Coffees and Groceries,***

Of all kinds, of equally fine quality for the prices. TERMS CASH. Goods delivered free.

WM. FRANCE & SON,

15 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh.

jy17:28

**REMOVAL.**

J. LOUGHREY.....ALEXANDER FREW.

**LOUGHREY & FREW,**

Have removed to

**No. 81 Market St.,**

(CORNER OF SECOND,) PITTSBURGH,

Where they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of

**Saddles, Harness, Trunks,**

And all articles in their line usually kept in first-class establishments.


**PROPOSALS FOR COAL.**

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 19th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 5 o'clock p. m., for furnishing 4,000 BUSHELS BEST QUALITY OF MISCHANTABLE LUMP COAL, to be delivered at the following places, viz:

2,500 bushels in basement of City Hall.
200 " Hope Engine House, 1st ward.
400 " Friendship do. 2d ward.
400 " Gen. Grant do. 3d ward.
400 " Columbia do. 4th ward.
100 " At City Weigh-scales.

The coal to be weighed on the City scales.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

jy22:off

**Cincinnati Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 30.—Flour dull and prices drooping; extra, $9,00@9,25, and family $9,50@10,50. Wheat dull, closing at $1,90 @1,95 for No. 1, and $2,10@2,15 for white. Corn scarce and firm at 76@77c for No. 1 mixed in bulk; white sold at 80@82c, sacked. Oats easier; old No. 1, 85c in bulk; new sold at 70@75c in bulk. Rye dull and prices unsettled; sales of No. 2 at $1,20@1,22, but at the close it was offered at $1,15. Cotton firm; middling, 26@27c. Whiskey unchanged; in bond, 36c. Mess Pork firm, with more buyers than sellers, at $24,00. Bulk Meats held firmly at 11¼@13½c, but there has not been much done; 5c less is offered. Bacon dull at 12½c, 13½c, 14½c, 15½c and 16c for shoulders, sides, clear rib sides, and clear; not much on the market. Hams nearly. Lard quiet at 12½@13c, closing with no buyers at over 12½c. Butter firm at 18@23c. Cheese dull at 11½@12c. Eggs, 16c. Gold, 1,39½ buying. Money market easy at 6@ 9 per cent. Exchange steady.

**Chicago Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 30.—Flour very dull and nominal. Spring wheat is neglected; and 5 @6c lower; sales of No. 2 at $1,75@1,76; No. 1 and winter 1c to 2c higher. Corn quiet and steady at 87½@88½c for No. 1, and 85½@87½c for No 2. Oats nominal at 59@60c for No. 2. Rye dull and nominal at $1,20@1,22 for No. 1. Mess Pork is quiet and steady, at $23,50. Lard steady and firm at 13@13½c. Receipts—9,000 bbls flour, 6,700 bu wheat, 152,000 bu corn, 7,600 bu oats, 5,000 hogs. Shipments—2,400 bbls flour, 115,000 bu corn, 700 bu oats.

**Toledo Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, July 30.—Flour quiet. Wheat, receipts 49,000 bush; the market opened at yesterday's prices, advanced 5c, and closed steady with the advance lost, at $2,50 for new white Michigan; $2,47@2,48 for new amber Michigan; $2,10 for No. 1 red Wabash. Corn; receipts 12,000 bush; market firm for fresh receipts, with sales of No. 1, 44 96c. Oats; none in the market. Freight unchanged.

**Baltimore Market.**

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 30.—Cotton firm, though not quotably higher. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon, clear sides firm. Corn $1,25 for white. Oats 75@77c. Hay dull and unchanged. Corn dull.

**PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.**

**FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,**

Manufacture the best

**CORDAGE,**

**OAKUM,**

AND

**TWINES,** in every variety.

**Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.**

Call or send for Circular. ap13:ly

**RIVER NEWS.**

The survey of a projected canal from Saint Louis to Chicago is commenced. It is to admit vessels of 1200 tons burden.

A colored fisherman, while engaged in catching fish at Memphis on Thursday, hauled up a gold watch from the bottom of the muddy Mississippi.

Frank Babb, of Zanesville, Ohio, fell overboard from the steamer Sunset, recently, at Old Fort Clark, on the Upper Missouri, and was drowned.

Wm. Patterson, mate of the Great Republic, was fined fifty dollars and costs, at St. Louis, recently, for knocking a man down with a billy.

The Memphis *Bulletin*, of Friday, contains the following: Ike Paist, agent for the Diamond Line, seems to have been born to good luck. Some rich uncle, whom he never saw, and probably did'nt care a—— straw for, has very kindly shuffled off his mortal coil, and left him a $60,000 pair of shoes to step into. Two brothers of friend Ike are in the same enviable fix.

The Louisville *Democrat* says: There was a meeting of the Steamboat Captains Association held in the Board of Trade Rooms yesterday afternoon. The prices of freights were advanced. These bacon-and-ham monopolizers raise their prices whenever they have a mind to, and when boats advance rates on freights, then these "bacon and ham" chaps growl like bears with sore heads. Served 'em right. Come down with the price of bacon.

On the last down trip of the Nick Longworth, she ran over a flat, containing five men of Concordia. The men were engaged in raising the anchor of the M. S. Mepham at the time and narrowly escaped drowning. We understand the men have brought suit against the boat for $10,000.

The river law in relation to loading down safety valves, is one of great interest to steamboatmen, and for that reason the following report of a case under it, at Detroit, Michigan, is published. It is taken from the Detroit *Post*, of July 20th:

Thos. Senter, Captain of the tug George E. Brockway, was arrested yesterday on the complaint of one of his employees, named Wilcox, for loading the safety valve beyond the limit fixed by the steamboat and boiler inspectors. It appears that when the inspectors last inspected a new boiler, they fix the mark upon the valve register, beyond which those having the boiler in charge are forbidden to load it, and a non compliance with their rules is punished by fine and imprisonment. From the testimony of Wilcox, it appears that the boat could not get on a sufficient pressure of steam, and it was found necessary to fasten more weight on the valve, which was done by one of the Captain. As the weights previously on were the limit allowed by the inspectors, he took it that the above stated, and substituted a ball on his own recognizance in the sum of $500 for his appearance for examination two weeks hence. This case is the first of the kind that has been before the courts since the passage of the law.

Says the Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Monday: The St. J. Pickett sports the Minnesota aground at Medic Bar. There were no boats aground at Rising Sun, when she passed up. The Lucy Walker reports the Kate Frisbie aground at Louisville to-day. Advices just received from the United States wrecking steamer, General T. G. Totten report the wreck of the steamer Gen. J. R. Gilmore, half a mile below Mound City, as having been entirely destroyed on Wednesday last. Six hundred kegs of powder and forty pounds of powder each. We learn that the wreck of the Peerless will next be removed. Capt. John Woodburn has taken out the cylinders of the W. D. Caldwell here. She will be ready for business in about ten days.

STEAMER WABASHA, NEW ORLEANS, July 30—ED. CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL:—Having seen a notice in the *Commercial* of the 16th instant, stating that Geo. L. Johnston & Co. had received a dispatch that the Emma No. 4 had arrived safely at New Orleans on Saturday, and was unloaded thirty hours ahead of the Wabash, I wish you to correct the same, and state the facts in the case. The Emma left Cairo some twenty hours in advance of us, and we are informed by reliable parties, she arrived here on Sunday morning. We arrived on Monday morning, the 15th, and laid alongside the Emma, and to our surprise, she was not done discharging her cargo until noon on Monday. We filled out with freight at Natro, and, as you are aware, discharged an unusual amount of way freight, during which time the Emma, it appears, has been rushing things to get in ahead of us, and, according to telegraphic dispatches to the Commercial, in order to make a favorable impression upon the Cincinnati shippers. We are not afraid of any competition, but when we are, through selfish motives, falsely represented to the Cincinnati shippers, we hope you will take interest enough in the matter to see that justice is done us. We leave here to-night with a moderate trip. All well. Weather hot. Health of the crew said to be good.


**A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP**

has been entered into, to commence from the 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1867, and to continue to JUNE 30TH, 1870, between EMIL SCHALK, of the City of Pittsburgh, and CHARLES LENNIG, of the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, the business to be that of refining and the refining of Petroleum, Coal or Shale Oils, and the disposal, in exhaustive use, of the articles used in the refining process, either by sale or further manufacture; to be conducted in the name of EMIL SCHALK, as the General Partner, in the City of Pittsburgh. CHARLES LENNIG is the Special Partner, who has contributed thereto the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash.

EMIL SCHALK, General Partner.
CHARLES LENNIG, Special Partner.

Pittsburgh, June 10th, 1867.

Before me, A. S. NICHOLSON, an Alderman of the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, personally appeared EMIL SCHALK, and made affirmation that CHARLES LENNIG was the Special Partner contributed in cash the sum of $50,000 to the Partnership Capital of which he, the said EMIL SCHALK, is the General Partner.

Pittsburgh, June 11th, 1867. jel8:s74

**J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,**

Proprietors of the

**PITTSBURGH**

**White Lead and Color Works,**

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,
AND ALL KINDS OF ENGLISH GREEN,

And all others dry or in oil.

**Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.**

Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Second avenue, and 29, 31 and 33 Second street, Allegheny. myl8:ly60

**FOR SALE.**—We have for sale several good second-hand

**Iron Turning Lathes,**

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer also a number of reasonable lower.

Also, ONE ENGINE, 9-inch cylinder, 36-inch stroke, on iron bed; boiler 40 inches diameter, 26 feet long; 40-horse power.

Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

**HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,**

Corner Point Alley & Duquesne Way.

jel6:s65 Pittsburgh, Pa.

**PROPOSALS FOR CAST IRON CULVERTS AND FLAG STONE CROSSINGS.**

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 19th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, 25th inst., at 5 o'clock p. m., for furnishing and putting down the following cast iron culverts, to be delivered at the following places, viz: At the intersection of Fifth street and Beaver avenue, Beaver street and North avenue—each culvert to be 34 feet long, 24 inch opening and 12 inches deep. At the intersection of Irwin and North avenues, 34 feet long, 18 inch opening and 12 inches deep. At Scott & Gisel's, 61 do do, 18 do do, Scott & Gisel; 98 bales wool, Seal & Grundy; 81 do do do, 12 pkgs butter, S B Copeland; 100 sks oats, Monongahela House.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 30—4 cars staves, Raiya & Robertson; 1 do do, J Logan; 10 cords washboards, Segnaiger & Vosmaig; 1 car lumber, McKee, Bell & Co; 1 do do, Wm Bennett; 1 car lumber, J McBriar; 1 car shingles, C O Bigley; 1 car lumber, Bell & Co; 1 car corn, R Knox & Son; 63 bales cotton, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 25 do do, A H Childs & Co.

**TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.**

The largest assortment of

**GRATES, all Sizes;**

**Cooking Ranges & Stoves,**

Of the VERY BEST QUALITY, for sale at

**VERY LOW PRICES, BY**

**BISSELL & CO.,**

jy27:10 No. 23 LIBERTY ST.

**WM. MARDORF & CO.,**

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

**BROOMS,**

Broom Brush and Broom Findings,

Factory and Warehouse, in the rear of Schomaker & Lang's,

**Nos. 172 and 174 Wood St., Pittsburgh.**

apl0:27

**IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS!**

**FRANCE'S TEA MART,**

**No. 15 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH,**

You can buy the finest quality of TEAS, at the price of any sold in the city. Also,

***Sugars, Coffees and Groceries,***

Of all kinds, of equally fine quality for the prices. TERMS CASH. Goods delivered free.

WM. FRANCE & SON,

15 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh.

jel7:28

**REMOVAL.**

J. LOUGHREY.....ALEXANDER FREW.

**LOUGHREY & FREW,**

Have removed to

**No. 81 Market St.,**

(CORNER OF SECOND,) PITTSBURGH,

Where they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of

**Saddles, Harness, Trunks,**

And all articles in their line usually kept in first-class establishments.


**PROPOSALS FOR COAL.**

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 19th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 5 o'clock p. m., for furnishing 4,000 BUSHELS BEST QUALITY OF MISCHANTABLE LUMP COAL, to be delivered at the following places, viz:

2,500 bushels in basement of City Hall.
200 " Hope Engine House, 1st ward.
400 " Friendship do. 2d ward.
400 " Gen. Grant do. 3d ward.
400 " Columbia do. 4th ward.
100 " At City Weigh-scales.

The coal to be weighed on the City scales.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

jy22:off

**MEDICAL.**


**CONSUMPTION!**

It would take a man a lifetime to read the treatises that have been written upon this important subject, and if a sick man were to attempt it he would make himself worse by the reading, and die before he got half through. The symptoms of the disease are, hacking cough, expectoration of matter or pus, pain in one or both lungs, chilliness, burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, exhausting day of night sweats, hectic fever, wasting of flesh et marasmus, sometimes expectoration of blood. These are the usual outward symptoms, apparent not only to the observing physician, but to the patient's friends. There are, however, more important symptoms than these, which are only made manifest by auscultation and percussion, terms which mean, in a medical sense, thumping and listening, and they are employed outwardly in order to ascertain what is going on inside of the cavity of the chest. The signs or symptoms elicited in this way are almost surely demonstrate the true and exact condition of the respiratory organs. A perfect auscultator can not fail in ascertaining whether the Lungs are acting naturally or not. Hence it is the best method of examining the lungs. Their actual condition once discovered, the appropriate treatment is more rapidly arrived at, and every diseased part more completely under the influence of appropriate remedies. We have long been of the opinion that consumption or decay, or wasting of the bodily strength, was dependent on a deprived state of the blood, which carries, in its course, tuberculous matter, and deposits it in the lungs, or elsewhere in the body, just as calculi or stone is deposited in the bladder, a small particle of which attracts other particles, until it becomes of such offense to the natural functions as to bring on inflammatory action, which action, if it could, would carry it out of the system, and which could have been easily done in the beginning of such disease. Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is a complete and perfect cure in the forming stage of lung disease. It acts on the very principle we have stated above, by enabling the securing or carrying off organs to do a double share of work Waste and repair are easily comprehended, if the worn out material be carried off, and renewing material of a proper character, the must be health and ease, the contrary of sickne and dis-ease. In many cases of consumptio which have become settled, Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup fails to cure, although it will do good in nearly all. He prepares a medicine called LUNG CURE OF PULMONARY RESTORATIVE, which is a great tonic,